

COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM

DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(Duration 3 Years)
NSQF Level – 5



Under
Haryana State Board of Technical Education



Developed By

Curriculum Development Center
National Institute of Technical Teachers Training & Research
(Ministry of Education, Government of India)
Sector - 26, Chandigarh, UT, India.

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1. PREFACE

Learning and learning experience are the foundation of any education system. Appropriateness of education and its useful implications stand on the platform of knowledge and skill. But the knowledge and skill cannot be quantified qualitatively without ensuring learning experience. Curriculum is the pathway to select and organise learning experience. It helps the teachers to provide tangible resources, goals and objectives to learners. Curriculum acts as a catalyst to stimulate creativity, innovation, ethics, values, responsibility and many human factors. Curriculum embodies rigour and high standards and creates coherence to empower learner to meet the industrial and societal needs. Curriculum is a central guide for a teacher to plan a standard based sequence for the instructional delivery.

The industrial revolution 4.0 has forced the technical education system to reinvent the curriculum to meet the human resource requirement of the industry. The data driven systems relying on the subjects like machine-learning, Artificial Intelligence, Data Science etc are literally forcing the technical education system to offer different subjects differently to address the emerging challenges. The non-linear way of learning now facilitates students to choose path of knowledge to skill or vice-versa. The bi-directional process requires innovative curriculum design and revision. Diploma programme is now more challenging than ever. The level of skill and knowledge demanded by industry from diploma holders are highly interdisciplinary at the same time address special need. Hence, there is a need to align the curriculum to National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF).

National Education Policy, NEP-2020 has now opened up diversities for the education system to explore and exploit to make the education relevant. The policy emphasises to inculcate value, ethics, respect to culture and society etc along with industry ready knowledge and skill among the students. The interdisciplinary nature of curriculum, academic bank of credits and integration of technology in teaching-learning envisaged in NEP-2020 make it more challenging for curriculum development. NITTTR, Chandigarh has developed the art of curriculum development over 54 years of its existence. The expertise and experience available in the institute follow time-tested and acclaimed scientific methods to design/revise curriculum. The experienced faculty members entrusted with the curriculum development or revision activities are well-versed with NSQF, NEP and Outcome based education. I am happy to note that **Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula, Haryana** reposed their confidence on this expertise to develop **AICTE/NSQF/NEP 2020** aligned curriculum for the state. This documented curriculum is an outcome of meticulous planning and discussions among renowned experts of the subject through series of workshops. The effective implementation of this curriculum supported with quality instructional resources will go a long way in infusing the learning experience among learners to make them industry ready.

Prof. (Dr.) S. S. Pattnaik
Director

National Institute of Technical Teachers Training & Research, Chandigarh

2. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We gratefully acknowledge the assistance and guidance received from the following persons:

- i) Principal Secretary Technical Education-cum-Chairman, Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula, Haryana for initiating this project on designing of AICTE/NSQF/NEP 2020 aligned curriculum.
- ii) Director General, Technical Education, Haryana for taking keen interest in the design of this AICTE/NSQF/NEP 2020 aligned curriculum.
- iii) Secretary, Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula, Haryana for his untiring assistance and support in the design of this AICTE/NSQF/NEP 2020 aligned curriculum.
- iv) Management Officials of Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula, Haryana for taking keen interest in the design of this AICTE/NSQF/NEP 2020 aligned curriculum.
- v) Director, National Institute of Technical Teachers' Training and Research, Chandigarh for his support and academic freedom provided to Curriculum Development Centre.
- vi) All the participants from Industry / field Organizations, Academic Institutions, State Technical Universities / Polytechnics for their professional & academic inputs during curriculum workshops.
- vii) Head, Faculty and staff of Curriculum Development Centre, NITTTR, Chandigarh for their dedicated contribution and support in design of NSQF aligned curriculum.
- viii) Faculty from different departments of NITTTR, Chandigarh for their valuable inputs in design of NSQF aligned curriculum.

Prof. (Dr.) Rajesh Mehra
Project Coordinator & Head Curriculum Development Center
National Institute of Technical Teachers Training & Research, Chandigarh

3. SALIENT FEATURES

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 1. Name | : | Diploma in Mechanical Engineering |
| 2. Duration | : | 03 Years |
| 3. Hours per week | : | 35 - 40 |
| 4. Entry Qualification | : | 10th Pass |
| 5. Student Intake | : | As per sanctioned strength |
| 6. Pattern | : | Semester |
| 7. Scheme | : | Multi Entry Multi Exit |
| 8. NSQF Level | : | 5 |
| 9. Theory Practical Ratio | : | 38 : 62 |
| 10. Project Work | : | Minor and Major Project |
| 11. In-house/Industrial Training | : | Mandatory after First and Second Year |

4. NSQF COMPLIANCE

National Skill Qualification Framework has defined total Ten Levels. Each level of the NSQF is associated with a set of descriptors made up of five outcome statements, which describe in general terms, the minimum knowledge, skills and attributes that a learner needs to acquire in order to be certified for that level.



Fig.1: NSQF Domains

NSQF LEVEL - 3 COMPLIANCE

The NSQF level - 3 descriptor is as follows:

Process	Person may carry out a job which may require limited range of activities routine and predictable.
Professional Knowledge	Basic facts, process and principle applied in trade of employment.
Professional Skill	Recall and demonstrate practical skill, routine and repetitive in narrow range of application.
Core Skill	Communication written and oral, with minimum required clarity, skill of basic arithmetic and algebraic principles, personal banking, basic understanding of social and natural environment.
Responsibility	Under close supervision. Some responsibility for own work within defined limit.

Fig 2: NSQF Level – 3 Descriptor

Work requiring knowledge, skills and aptitudes at level 3 will be routine and predictable. Job holders will be responsible for carrying out a limited range of jobs under close supervision. Their work may require the completion of a number of related tasks. People carrying out these job roles may be described as “Semi skilled workers”. Individuals in jobs which require level 3 qualifications will normally be expected to be able to communicate clearly in speech and writing and may be required to use arithmetic and algebraic processes. They will be expected to have previous knowledge and skills in the occupation and should know the basic facts, processes and principles applied in the trade for which they are qualified and be able to apply the basic skills of the trade to a limited range of straightforward jobs in the occupation.

They will be expected to understand what constitutes quality in their job role and more widely in the sector or sub-sector and to distinguish between good and bad quality in the context of the jobs they are given. Job holders at this level will be expected to carry out the jobs they are given safely and securely. They will work hygienically and in ways which show an understanding of environmental issues. This means that they will be expected to take responsibility for their own health and safety and that of fellow workers and, where appropriate, customers and/or clients. In working with others, they will be expected to conduct themselves in ways which show a basic understanding of the social environment. They should be able to make a good contribution to team work.

NSQF LEVEL - 4 COMPLIANCE

The NSQF level-4 descriptor is given below:

Process	• Work in familiar, predictable, routine, situation of clear choice
Professional Knowledge	• Factual knowledge of field of knowledge or study.
Professional Skill	• Recall and demonstrate practical skill, routine and repetitive in narrow range of application, using appropriate rule and tool, using quality concepts.
Core Skill	• Communication written and oral, with required clarity, skill of basic arithmetic and algebraic principles, personal banking, basic understanding of social and natural environment.
Responsibility	• Responsibility for own work and learning.

Fig 3: NSQF Level – 4 Descriptor

Work requiring knowledge, skills and aptitudes at level 4 will be carried out in familiar, predictable and routine situations. Job holders will be responsible for carrying out a range of jobs, some of which will require them to make choices about the approaches they adopt. They will be expected to learn and improve their practice on the job. People carrying out these jobs may be described as “skilled workers”. Individuals in jobs which require level 4 qualifications should be able to communicate clearly in speech and writing and may be required to use arithmetic and algebraic processes. They will be expected to have previous knowledge and skills in the occupation in which they are employed, to appreciate the nature of the occupation and to understand and apply the rules which govern good practice. They will be able to make choices about the best way to carry out routine jobs where the choices are clear.

They will be expected to understand what constitutes quality in the occupation and will distinguish between good and bad quality in the context of their job roles. Job holders at this level will be expected to carry out their work safely and securely and take full account of the health and safety on colleagues and customers. They will work hygienically and in ways which show an understanding of environmental issues. In working with others, they will be expected to conduct themselves in ways which show a basic understanding of the social and political environment. They should be able to guide or lead teams on work within their capability.

NSQF LEVEL - 5 COMPLIANCE

The NSQF level-5 description is given below:

Process	• Job that requires well developed skill, with clear choice of procedures in familiar context.
Professional Knowledge	• Knowledge of facts, principles, processes and general concepts, in a field of work or study.
Professional Skill	• A range of cognitive and practical skills required to accomplish tasks and solve problems by selecting and applying basic methods, tools, materials and information.
Core Skill	• Desired mathematical skill; understanding of social, political; and some skill of collecting and organising information, communication.
Responsibility	• Responsibility for own work and learning and some responsibility for others' works and learning

Fig 4: NSQF Level – 5 Descriptor

Work requiring knowledge, skills and aptitudes at level 5 will also be carried out in familiar situations, but also ones where problems may arise. Job holders will be able to make choices about the best procedures to adopt to address problems where the choices are clear. Individuals in jobs which require level 5 qualifications will normally be responsible for the completion of their own work and expected to learn and improve their performance on the job. They will require well developed practical and cognitive skills to complete their work. They may also have some responsibility for others' work and learning. People carrying out these jobs may be described as “fully skilled workers” or “supervisors”.

Individuals employed to carry out these jobs will be expected to be able to communicate clearly in speech and writing and may be required to apply mathematical processes. They should also be able to collect and organise information to communicate about the work. They will solve problems by selecting and applying methods, tools, materials and information. They will be expected to have previous knowledge and skills in the occupation, and to know and apply facts, principles, processes and general concepts in the occupation. They will be expected to understand what constitutes quality in the occupation and will distinguish between good and bad quality in the context of their work. They will be expected to operate hygienically and in ways which show an understanding of environmental issues. They will take account of health and safety issues as they affect the work they carry out or supervise.

In working with others, they will be expected to conduct themselves in ways which show an understanding of the social and political environment.

5. NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY (NEP) - 2020

NEP 2020 aims at a comprehensive holistic education to develop all capacities of human beings - intellectual, aesthetic, social, physical, emotional, and moral - in an integrated manner. A holistic arts education will help develop well-rounded individuals that possess: critical 21st century capacities in fields across the arts, humanities, languages, sciences, social sciences, and professional, technical, and vocational fields; an ethic of social engagement; soft skills, such as communication, discussion and debate; and rigorous specialization in a chosen field or fields. Such a holistic education shall be, in the long term, the approach of all undergraduate programmes, including those in professional, technical, and vocational disciplines.

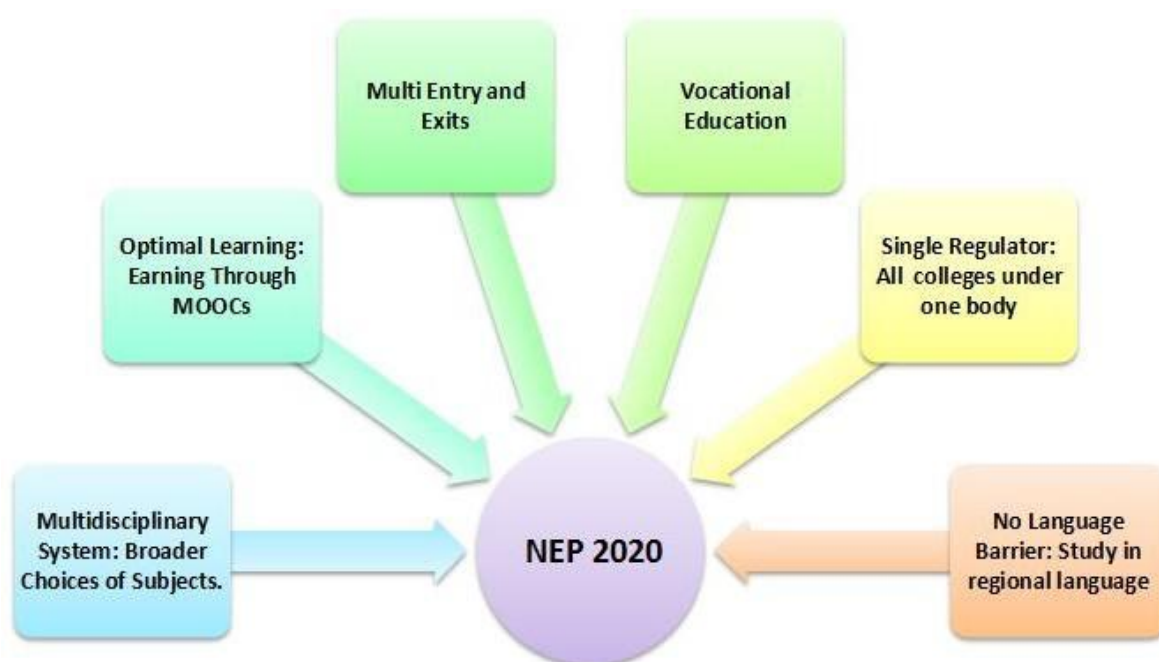


Fig 5: NEP 2020

Flexibility in curriculum and novel and engaging course options will be on offer to students, in addition to rigorous specialisation in a subject or subjects. Pedagogy for courses will strive for significantly less rote learning and an increased emphasis on communication, discussion, debate, research, and opportunities for cross-disciplinary and interdisciplinary thinking. The flexible and innovative curriculum shall emphasize on offering credit-based courses and projects in the areas of community engagement and service, environmental education and value-based education. as part of a holistic education, students will be provided with opportunities for internships with local industry, businesses, artists, crafts persons, villages and local communities, etc., as well as

research internships with faculty and researchers at their own or other HEIs or research institutions, so that students may actively engage with the practical side of their learning and, as a by-product, further improve their employability.

Effective learning requires relevant curriculum, engaging pedagogy, continuous formative assessment and adequate student support. The curriculum must be updated regularly aligning with the latest knowledge requirements and shall meet specified learning outcomes. High-quality pedagogy is then necessary to successfully impart the curricular material to students; pedagogical practices determine the learning experiences that are provided to students - thus directly influencing learning outcomes. The assessment methods have to be scientific and test the application of knowledge. Higher Education Institutes should move to a criterion-based grading system that assesses student achievement based on the learning goals for each programme, making the system fairer and outcomes more comparable. HEIs should also move away from high-stakes examinations towards more continuous and comprehensive evaluation.

6. DIPLOMA PROGRAM OUTCOMES

The program outcomes are derived from five domains of NSQF Level namely Process, Professional Knowledge, Professional Skill, Core Skill, Responsibility. After completing this programme, the student will be able to:

- PO1: Perform tasks in limited range of activities, familiar situation with clear choice of procedures.
- PO2: Acquire knowledge of principles and processes in the field of Mechanical Engineering.
- PO3: Develop skills to accomplish quality tasks and solve problems using methods, tools, materials and information.
- PO4: Demonstrate skill of communication, basic mathematics, collecting and organizing information along with knowledge of social, political and natural environment.
- PO5: Take the responsibility of own works and supervise others work.
- PO6: Select multidisciplinary subjects of own interest from broader choices.
- PO7: Perform Self Learning through Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs).

7. DIPLOMA PROGRAMME STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME FIRST YEAR

FIRST SEMESTER:

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	STUDY SCHEME		Credits (C) L+P = C	MARKS IN EVALUATION SCHEME						Total Marks of Internal & External
		Periods/Week			INTERNAL ASSESSMENT			EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT			
		L	P		Th	Pr	Tot	Th	Pr	Tot	
1.1	*English and Communication Skills –I	2	2	2+1=3	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
1.2	*Applied Mathematics I	4	-	4+0=4	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
1.3	*Applied Physics-I	2	2	2+1=3	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
1.4	*Engineering Graphics	-	6	0+3=3	-	40	40	60	-	60	100
1.5	*Fundamentals of IT	2	4	2+2=4	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
1.6	*Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	2	-	2+0=2	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
1.7	*General Workshop Practice	-	6	0+3 = 3	-	40	40	-	60	60	100
#Student Centred Activities (SCA)		-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		12	23	22	200	200	400	360	240	600	1000

* Common with other diploma programmes

Student Centred Activities will comprise of co-curricular activities like extension lectures on Constitution of India, etc, Games, Yoga, Human Values & Ethics, Knowledge of Indian System, Hobby Clubs e.g. Photography etc., Seminars, Declamation Contests, Educational Field Visits, NCC, NSS, Cultural Activities and Self-study etc.

SECOND SEMESTER:

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	STUDY SCHEME		Credits (C) L+P = C	MARKS IN EVALUATION SCHEME						Total Marks of Internal & External
		Periods/Week			INTERNAL ASSESSMENT			EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT			
		L	P		Th	Pr	Tot	Th	Pr	Tot	
2.1	*Applied Mathematics II	4	-	4+0=4	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
2.2	*Applied Physics-II	2	2	2+1=3	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
2.3	*Applied Chemistry	3	2	3+1=4	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
2.4	Applied Mechanics	3	2	3+1=4	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
2.5	Mechanical Engineering Drawing- I	-	6	0+3=3	-	40	40	60	-	60	100
2.6	Workshop Technology -I	3	-	3+0=3	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
2.7	Workshop Practice- I	-	6	0+3=3	-	40	40	-	60	60	100
#Student Centred Activities (SCA)		-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		15	20	24	200	200	400	360	240	600	1000

* Common with other diploma programmes

Student Centred Activities will comprise of co-curricular activities like extension lectures on Constitution of India, etc, Games, Yoga, Human Values & Ethics, Knowledge of Indian System, Hobby Clubs e.g. Photography etc., Seminars, Declamation Contests, Educational Field Visits, NCC, NSS, Cultural Activities and Self-study etc.

Summer Industrial/In-house Training: After 2nd semester, students shall undergo Summer Training of 4 Weeks.

8. DIPLOMA PROGRAMME HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ORGANIZATION OF SUBJECTS

Sr. No.	Subjects	Hours Per Week	
		First Semester	Second Semester
1.	English and Communication Skills - I	4	-
2.	Applied Physics	4	4
3.	Applied Chemistry	-	5
4.	Engineering Graphics	6	-
5.	Applied Mathematics	4	4
6.	General Workshop Practice	6	-
7.	Fundamentals of IT	6	-
8.	Applied Mechanics	-	5
9.	Workshop Technology I	-	3
10.	Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	2	-
11.	Mechanical Engineering Drawing I	-	6
12.	Workshop Practice I	-	6
13.	Student Centered Activities	3	2
Total		35	35

9. DERIVING CURRICULUM SUBJECT AREAS FROM DIPLOMA PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

The following curriculum subject areas have been derived from Programme outcomes:

Sr. No.	Programme Outcomes	Curriculum Subject Areas
1.	Perform tasks in limited range of activities, familiar situation with clear choice of procedures.	• General Workshop Practice • Workshop Practice I • Engineering Graphics • Applied Mechanics • Applied Physics - I • Applied Physics - II • Applied Chemistry
2.	Acquire knowledge of principles and processes in Mechanical Engineering related field.	• Workshop Technology-I • Applied Mechanics • Applied Physics - I • Applied Physics - II
3.	Develop skills to accomplish quality tasks and solve problems using methods, tools, materials and information.	• General Workshop Practice • Workshop Practice I • Engineering Graphics • Mechanical Engg Drawing I • Summer Industrial /In-House Training.
4.	Demonstrate skill of communication, basic mathematics, collecting and organizing information along with knowledge of social, political and natural environment.	• English and Communication Skills - I • Applied Mathematics – I • Applied Mathematics – II • Fundamentals of IT • Environmental Studies & Disaster Management
5.	Take the responsibility of own works and supervise others work.	• General Workshop Practice • Workshop Practice I • Summer Industrial / In-House Training

6.	Select multidisciplinary subjects of own interest from broader choices.	• Multidisciplinary Elective • Open Elective
7.	Perform Self Learning through Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs).	• Multidisciplinary Elective • Open Elective

FIRST YEAR

NSQF LEVEL - 3

10. COMPETENCY PROFILE AND EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

In government and private sectors related to Mechanical Engineering, “Semi Skilled workers” are required to carry out a limited range of predictable tasks under close supervision. They are normally expected to communicate clearly in speech and along with knowledge of arithmetic and algebraic processes. They should know the basic facts, processes and principles applied in limited area of Mechanical Engineering.

The NSQF Level – 3 pass out students are expected to recall and demonstrate practical routine and repetitive skills, in narrow range of Mechanical Engineering applications. They are expected to understand what constitutes quality in their job role. They are also expected to carry out the jobs given to them safely and securely. They have wide scope to work as semi skilled employee on wage basis in following organizations:

- In manufacturing industries primarily in private sector and to some extent in public sector
- In Railways, Hospitals, Military Engineering Services, Boards and Corporations, Construction Companies, Transportation Departments, Telecommunication, PWD and Rural Development Agencies.

They have wide scope in establishing small start ups in the area of Marketing and Sales, Manufacturing Units and Repair and Maintenance units etc.

11. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

The program outcomes are derived from five domains of NSQF Level – 3 namely Process, Professional Knowledge, Professional Skill, Core Skill, Responsibility. After completing this programme, the student will be able to:

PO1: Carry out a task which may require limited range of predictable activities.

PO2: Acquire knowledge of basic facts, process and principles related to Mechanical Engineering for employment.

PO3: Demonstrate practical skill in narrow range of Mechanical Engineering applications.

PO4: Communicate in written and oral, with minimum required clarity along with skill of basic arithmetic and algebraic principles, personal banking and basic understanding of social and natural environment.

PO5: Perform task under close supervision with some responsibility for own work within defined limit.

12. STUDY AND EVALUATION SCHEME (FIRST YEAR)

FIRST SEMESTER:

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	STUDY SCHEME		Credits (C) L+P = C	MARKS IN EVALUATION SCHEME						Total Marks of Internal & External
		Periods/Week			INTERNAL ASSESSMENT			EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT			
		L	P		Th	Pr	Tot	Th	Pr	Tot	
1.1	*English and Communication Skills –I	2	2	2+1=3	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
1.2	*Applied Mathematics I	4	-	4+0=4	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
1.3	*Applied Physics-I	2	2	2+1=3	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
1.4	*Engineering Graphics	-	6	0+3=3	-	40	40	60	-	60	100
1.5	*Fundamentals of IT	2	4	2+2=4	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
1.6	*Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	2	-	2+0=2	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
1.7	*General Workshop Practice	-	6	0+3 = 3	-	40	40	-	60	60	100
#Student Centred Activities (SCA)		-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		12	23	22	200	200	400	360	240	600	1000

* Common with other diploma programmes

Student Centred Activities will comprise of co-curricular activities like extension lectures on Constitution of India, etc, Games, Yoga, Human Values & Ethics, Knowledge of Indian System, Hobby Clubs e.g. Photography etc., Seminars, Declamation Contests, Educational Field Visits, NCC, NSS, Cultural Activities and Self-study etc.

SECOND SEMESTER:

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	STUDY SCHEME		Credits (C) L+P = C	MARKS IN EVALUATION SCHEME						Total Marks of Internal & External
		Periods/Week			INTERNAL ASSESSMENT			EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT			
		L	P		Th	Pr	Tot	Th	Pr	Tot	
2.1	*Applied Mathematics II	4	-	4+0=4	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
2.2	*Applied Physics-II	2	2	2+1=3	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
2.3	*Applied Chemistry	3	2	3+1=4	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
2.4	Applied Mechanics	3	2	3+1=4	40	40	80	60	60	120	200
2.5	Mechanical Engineering Drawing- I	-	6	0+3=3	-	40	40	60	-	60	100
2.6	Workshop Technology -I	3	-	3+0=3	40	-	40	60	-	60	100
2.7	Workshop Practice- I	-	6	0+3=3	-	40	40	-	60	60	100
#Student Centred Activities (SCA)		-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		15	20	24	200	200	400	360	240	600	1000

* Common with other diploma programmes.

Student Centred Activities will comprise of co-curricular activities like extension lectures on Constitution of India, etc, Games, Yoga, Human Values & Ethics, Knowledge of Indian System, Hobby Clubs e.g. Photography etc., Seminars, Declamation Contests, Educational Field Visits, NCC, NSS, Cultural Activities and Self-study etc.

Summer Industrial/In-house Training : After 2nd semester, students shall undergo Summer Training **of 4 Weeks.**

13. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ORGANISATION OF SUBJECTS

Sr. No.	Subjects	Hours Per Week	
		First Semester	Second Semester
1.	English and Communication Skills - I	4	-
2.	Applied Physics	4	4
3.	Applied Chemistry	-	5
4.	Engineering Graphics	6	-
5.	Applied Mathematics	4	4
6.	General Workshop Practice	6	-
7.	Fundamentals of IT	6	-
8.	Applied Mechanics	-	5
9.	Workshop Technology I	-	3
10.	Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	2	-
11.	Mechanical Engineering Drawing I	-	6
12.	Workshop Practice I	-	6
13.	Student Centered Activities	3	2
Total		35	35

14. ASSESSMENT OF PROGRAMME AND COURSE OUTCOMES

Programme Outcomes to be Assessed	Assessment Criteria for the Course Outcomes
PO1: Carry out a task which may require limited range of predictable activities.	• Identify tools, equipment and materials used in preparing jobs. • Take measurements with the help of basic measuring tools/equipment. • Select materials, tools, and sequence of operations to make a job as per given specifications/drawing. • Prepare simple jobs independently and inspect the same. • Use safety equipment and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE). • Maintain good housekeeping practices. • Identify physical quantities, select their units and make measurements with accuracy. • Represent physical quantities as scalar and vector and identify type of motions, various forms of energy, their conversion and applications. • Differentiate between types of waves and their motion. • Illustrate laws of reflection and refraction of light. • Demonstrate competency in phenomena of electrostatics and electricity. • Classify the elements into metals, non-metals and metalloids. • Explain the extraction of metals from ores, their mechanical properties and modification of properties by alloy formation.

	• Classify fuels and lubricants and apply them in different engineering applications. • Identify the polymeric materials, assess their properties and design suitable polymeric materials for current and future applications. • Apply effective methods for corrosion prevention. • Draw free body diagrams by analyzing different types of forces acting on a body. • Determine the resultant of coplanar concurrent forces. • Solve problems by using principle of moment. • Calculate the least force required to maintain equilibrium on an inclined plane. • Determine the centroid/centre of gravity of plain and composite laminar and solid bodies. • Determine velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency of simple machines.
PO2: Acquire knowledge of basic facts, process and principles related to Mechanical Engineering for employment.	• Identify physical quantities, select their units and make measurements with accuracy. • Represent physical quantities as scalar and vector and identify type of motions, various forms of energy, their conversion and applications. • Demonstrate competency in phenomena of electrostatics and electricity. • Characterize properties of material to prepare new materials for various engineering applications.

	• Draw free body diagrams by analyzing different types of forces acting on a body. • Determine the resultant of coplanar concurrent forces. • Solve problems by using principle of moment. • Calculate the least force required to maintain equilibrium on an inclined plane. • Determine the centroid/centre of gravity of plain and composite laminar and solid bodies. • Determine velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency of simple machines. • Classify various types of hand tools. • Explain working principle of vernier caliper and micrometer for measurement. • Explain the parts of lathe and their functions. • Select material and tool geometry for cutting tools on lathe. • Explain geometry of single point tool, various types of lathe tools and tool materials. • Explain the working of drilling and boring process. • Explain the nomenclature of a drill and boring tools. • Select most appropriate process, electrodes, various process parameters for a job. • Explain principle of gas welding and arc welding process. • Select a cutting fluid for an operation.
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PO3: Demonstrate Practical skill in narrow range of Mechanical Engineering applications.	• Elaborate scientific work, energy and power, forms of friction and solve problems related to them. • Comprehend properties of matter and effect of temperature on various matter and phenomenon. • Characterize properties of material to prepare new materials for various technical applications. • Demonstrate the use of physical principles and analysis in various technical fields. • Demonstrate a strong foundation on Modern Physics to use at various technical applications • Identify tools, equipment and materials used in preparing jobs. • Take measurements with the help of basic measuring tools/equipment. • Select materials, tools, and sequence of operations to make a job as per given specifications/drawing. • Prepare simple jobs independently and inspect the same. • Use safety equipment and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE). • Maintain good housekeeping practices. • Draw Orthographic views of different objects viewed from different angles. • Draw and interpret sectional views of an object which are otherwise not visible in normal view. • Draw Isometric views of different solids and develop their surfaces.
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	• Identify conventions for different engineering materials, symbols, sections of regular objects and general fittings used in Civil and Electrical household appliances /fittings. • Draw orthographic views of different objects by using basic commands of AutoCAD.
PO4: Demonstrate skill of communication, basic mathematics, collecting and organizing information along with knowledge of social, political and natural environment.	• Identify the nuances of Communication, both Oral and Written. • Acquire knowledge of the meaning of communication, communication process and speaking skills. • Acquire enhanced vocabulary and in-depth understanding of Grammatical Structures and their usage in the communication. • Communicate effectively with an increased confidence to read, write and speak in English language fluently. • Comprehend the importance of sustainable ecosystem. • Clarify interdisciplinary nature of environmental issues. • Describe corrective measures for the abatement of pollution. • Identify the role of non-conventional energy resources in environmental protection. • Recognize various types of disasters. • Explain the basic components of Computers, Internet and issues of abuses/attacks on information and computers • Handle the computer/laptop/mobiles/Internet Utilities and Install/Configure OS

	• Assemble a PC and connect it to external devices • Manage and Use Office practiced Automation Tools • Develop worksheets and Prepare presentations • Understand the geometric shapes used in engineering problems by Co-ordinate Geometry and Trigonometry. • Formulate engineering problems into mathematical formats with the use matrices, co-ordinate geometry and trigonometry. • Calculate the approximate value of roots of certain expressions in engineering problems by application of binomial theorem. • Explore the idea of location, graph, and linear relationships between two variables. • Formulate the engineering problems into mathematical format with the use of differential equations and differential • Use the differentiation and Integration in solving various Mathematical and Engineering problems. • Calculate the approximate area under a curve by applying integration and numerical methods. • Discuss the purposes of measures of central tendency and calculate the measures of central tendency (mode, median, mean) for a set of data. • Learn about basic fundamentals about MATLAB/ SciLab and mathematical calculation with MATLAB/ SciLab software.
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PO5: Perform task under close supervision with some responsibility for own work within defined limit.	• Take measurements with the help of basic measuring tools/equipment. • Select materials, tools, and sequence of operations to make a job as per given specifications/drawing. • Prepare simple jobs independently and inspect the same. • Use safety equipment and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE). • Maintain good housekeeping practices.
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15. SUBJECTS & DETAILED CONTENTS

FIRST SEMESTER

FIRST SEMESTER

1.1	English and Communication Skills –I	13-15
1.2	Applied Mathematics I	16-19
1.3	Applied Physics-I	20-23
1.4	Engineering Graphics	24-27
1.5	Fundamentals of IT	28-31
1.6	Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	32-34
1.7	General Workshop Practice	35-39

1.1 ENGLISH & COMMUNICATION SKILLS – I

L	P
2	2

RATIONALE

Language as the most commonly used medium of self-expression remains indispensable in all spheres of human life –personal, social and professional. This course is intended to break fresh ground in teaching of Communicative English as per the requirements of National Skill Quality Framework. This course is designed to help students to acquire the concept of communication and develop an ability or skills to use them effectively to communicate with the individuals and community.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing this subject, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Identify the nuances of Communication, both Oral and Written.
- CO2: Acquire knowledge of the meaning of communication, communication process and speaking skills.
- CO3: Acquire enhanced vocabulary and in-depth understanding of Grammatical Structures and their usage in the communication.
- CO4: Communicate effectively with an increased confidence to read, write and speak in English language fluently.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Reading

- 1.1 Techniques of reading: Skimming and Scanning
- 1.2 Extensive and Intensive Reading: Textual Study
- 1.3 Homecoming – R.N. Tagore
- 1.4 Life Sketch of Sir Mokshagundam Visvesvarayya
- 1.5 Life Sketch of Dr. Abdul Kalam
- 1.6 Narayan Murthy's speech at LBSNA, Dehradun

UNIT II

Fundamentals of Communication

- 2.1 Concept and Process of Communication
- 2.2 Types of Communication (Verbal Communication)

- 2.3 Barriers to Communication
- 2.4 Speaking Skill: Significance and essentials of Spoken Communication
- 2.5 Listening Skill: Significance and essentials of Listening

UNIT III

Grammar and Usage

- 3.1 Nouns
- 3.2 Pronouns
- 3.3 Articles
- 3.4 Verbs(Main and Auxiliary)
- 3.5 Tenses

UNIT IV

Writing Skills

- 4.1 Significance, essentials and effectiveness of Written Communication
- 4.2 Notice Writing
- 4.3 Official Letters and E-mails.
- 4.4 Frequently-used Abbreviations used in Letter-Writing
- 4.5 Paragraph Writing
- 4.6 Netiquettes

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

1. Reading

Reading Practice of lessons in the Lab Activity classes.

- i. Comprehension exercises of unseen passages along with the lessons prescribed.
- ii. Vocabulary enrichment and grammar exercises based on the selected readings.
- iii. Reading aloud Newspaper headlines and important articles.

2. Fundamentals of Communication

- i. Introducing oneself, others and leave- taking(talking about yourself)
- ii. Just a minute (JAM) sessions: Speaking extempore for one minute on given topics
- iii. Situational Conversation: Offering-Responding to offers; Congratulating; Apologizing and Forgiving; Complaining; Talking about likes and dislikes, Self-introduction Mock Interviews

3. Grammar and Usage

- i. Written and Oral Drills will be undertaken in the class to facilitate holistic linguistic competency among learners.
- ii. Exercises on the prescribed grammar topics.

4. Writing Skills

- i. Students should be given Written Practice in groups so as to inculcate team-spirit and collaborative learning .
- ii. Group exercises on writing paragraphs on given topics.
- iii. Opening an e-mail account, receiving and sending emails

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1) Alvinder Dhillon and Parmod Kumar Singla, “Text Book of English and Communication Skills Vol – 2”, M/S Abhishek Publications, Chandigarh.
- 2) V Sasikumar & PV Dhamija, “Spoken English”, Tata MC Graw Hills, New Delhi, Second Edition.
- 3) JK Gangal, “A Practical Course in Spoken English”, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4) NK Aggarwal and FT Wood, “English Grammar, Composition and Usage”, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5) RC Sharma and Krishna Mohan, “Business Correspondence & Report writing”, Tata MC Graw Hills, New Delhi, Fourth Edition.
- 6) Kavita Tyagi & Padma Misra, “Professional Communication”, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 7) Nira Konar, “Communication Skills for professionals”, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8) Krishna Mohan & Meera Banerji, “Developing Communication Skills”, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd., New Delhi, Second Edition
- 9) M. Ashraf Rizwi, “Effective Technical Communication”, Tata MC Graw Hills, New Delhi.
- 10) Andrea J Rutherford, “Basic Communication Skills for Technology”, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is practice based subject and topics taught in the class should be practiced as exercises in the Lab regularly for development of communication skills in the students. The students should be involved in activities to enhance their personality skills. This subject contains four units of equal weightage.

1.2 APPLIED MATHEMATICS - I

L	P
4	-

RATIONALE

Contents of this course provide fundamental base for understanding engineering problems and their solution algorithms. Contents of this course will enable students to use basic tools like logarithm, binomial theorem, matrices, t-ratios and co-ordinates for solving complex engineering problems with exact solutions in a way which involve less computational task. By understanding the logarithm, they will be able to make long calculations in short time and it is also a pre-requisite for understanding Calculus.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing this subject, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Illustrate the geometric shapes used in engineering problems by Co-ordinate Geometry and Trigonometry.
- CO2: Formulate engineering problems into mathematical formats with the use matrices, co-ordinate geometry and trigonometry
- CO3: Calculate the approximate value of roots of certain expressions in engineering problems by application of binomial theorem.
- CO4: Explore the idea of location, graph, and linear relationships between two variables.
- CO5: Learn about basic fundamentals about MATLAB/ SciLab and mathematical calculation with MATLAB/ SciLab software.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Algebra

- 1.1 Complex Numbers: definition of complex number, real and imaginary parts of a complex number, Polar and Cartesian Form and their inter conversion, Conjugate of a complex number, modulus and amplitude, addition subtraction, multiplication and division of complex numb
- 1.2 Logarithms and its basic properties

UNIT II

Binomial Theorem, Determinants and Matrices

- 2.1 Meaning of ${}^n P_r$ & ${}^n C_r$ (mathematical expression). Binomial theorem (without proof) for positive integral index (expansion and general form); binomial theorem for any index (expansion up to 3 terms - without proof), first binomial approximation with application to engineering problems.
- 2.2 Determinants and Matrices – Evaluation of determinants (upto 2nd order), solution of equations (upto 2 unknowns) by Crammer's rule, definition of Matrices and its types, addition, subtraction and multiplication of matrices (upto 2nd order).

UNIT III

Trigonometry

- 3.1 Concept of angle, measurement of angle in degrees, grades, radians and their conversions.
- 3.2 T-Ratios of Allied angles (without proof), Sum, Difference formulae and their applications (without proof). Product formulae (Transformation of product to sum, difference and vice versa)
- 3.3 Applications of Trigonometric terms in engineering problems such as to find an angle of elevation, height, distance etc.

UNIT-IV

Co-ordinate Geometry

- 4.1 Cartesian and Polar co-ordinates (two dimensional), Distance between two points, mid-point, centroid of vertices of a triangle.
- 4.2 Slope of a line, equation of straight line in various standards forms (without proof); (slope intercept form, intercept form, one-point form, two-point form, symmetric form, normal form, general form), intersection of two straight lines, concurrency of lines, angle between straight lines, parallel and perpendicular lines, perpendicular distance formula, conversion of general form of equation to the various forms.

UNIT V

Geometry of Circle and Software

Circle

- 5.1 General equation of a circle and its characteristics. To find the equation of a circle, given:
 - i. Centre and radius
 - ii. Three points lying on it
 - iii. Coordinates of end points of a diameter

Software

- 5.2 **MATLAB Or SciLab software** – Theoretical Introduction, MATLAB or Scilab as Simple Calculator (Addition and subtraction of values –Trigonometric and Inverse Trigonometric functions) – General Practice

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. R. D. Sharma, “Applied Mathematics – I & II for Diploma Courses”, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
2. “Mathematics for Class XI”, NCERT Publication, New Delhi.
3. “Mathematics for Class XII”, NCERT Publication, New Delhi.
4. H. K Dass, “Applied Mathematics for Polytechnics”, CBS Publishers & Distributors.
5. A Ganesh and G Balasubramanian, “Textbook of Engineering Mathematics – I”, CBS Publisher, New Delhi.
6. A Ganesh and G Balasubramanian, “Textbook of Engineering Mathematics –II”, CBS Publisher, New Delhi.
7. G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney, “Calculus and Analytic Geometry”, Addison Wesley, Ninth Edition.
8. B S Grewal, “Elementary Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, Thirty-fifth Edition.
9. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2003.
10. SS Sabharwal & Dr Sunita Jain, “Applied Mathematics Vol. I & II”, Eagle Parkashan, Jalandhar.
11. S Kohli, “Engineering Mathematics Vol. I & II”, IPH, Jalandhar.
12. Reena Garg & Chandrika Prasad, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
13. R. Pratap, “Getting Started with MATLAB 7”, Oxford University Press, Seventh Edition.
14. E-books/e-tools/relevant software to be used as recommended by AICTE/HSBTE/NITTTR.

SUGGESTED WEBSITES

1. <http://swayam.gov.in>
2. <https://www.scilab.org>

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is theoretical subject and contains five units of equal weight age.

Basic elements of algebra, trigonometry and co-ordinate geometry can be taught in the light of their applications in the field of engineering and technology. By laying more emphasis on applied part, teacher can also help in providing a good continuing education base to the students. Students need to be taught the skills needed to use software tools built by experts through multiple problem solving based on the topics related to Algebra, Trigonometry and Coordinate Geometry that the industry requires. Examples to be used should be related to engineering.

Useful software MATLAB or open source software SciLab can be taught theoretically by books/online literatures and basic operations can be shown practically with practical software laboratory or small mobile apps of these software or authentic Trial version of MATLAB/SciLab software. Students should be able to relate to the actual use of these examples and the way mathematical calculations will help them in doing their job.

1.3 APPLIED PHYSICS-I

L	P
2	2

RATIONALE

Applied physics includes the study of a large number of diverse topics all related to things that go on in the world around us. It aims to give an understanding of this world both by observation and by prediction of the way in which objects will behave. Concrete use of physical principles and analysis in various fields of technical are given prominence in the course content.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this subject, student should be able to:

- CO1: Identify physical quantities, select their units for use in engineering solutions, and make measurements with accuracy.
- CO2: Represent physical quantities as scalar and vector and identify type of motions, various forms of energy, their conversion and applications.
- CO3: Elaborate scientific work, energy and power, forms of friction and solve problems related to them.
- CO4: Comprehend properties of matter and effect of temperature on various matter and phenomenon.
- CO5: Demonstrate the use of physical principles and analysis in various fields of technology.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Unit and Dimensions

- 1.1 Definition of Physics, physical quantities- fundamental and derived
- 1.2 Units: fundamental and derived
- 1.3 System of units: CGS, FPS, MKS, SI
- 1.4 Dimension, dimensional formulae and SI units of physical quantities-distance, displacement, area, volume, density, velocity, acceleration, linear momentum, force, impulse, work, power, energy, pressure, surface tension, stress, strain)
- 1.5 Dimensional equations, principle of homogeneity of dimensional equation
- 1.6 Application of dimensional analysis: checking the correctness of physical equation, conversion of system of unit (force, work, acceleration)

UNIT II**Force and Motion**

- 2.1 Scalar and vector quantities– definition and examples, representation of vector, types of vector (unit vector, position vector, co-initial vector, collinear vector, co-planar vector)
- 2.2 Vector algebra- addition of vectors, Triangle & Parallelogram law (statement and formula only),
- 2.3 Scalar and vector product (statement and formula only)
- 2.4 Force and its units, resolution of force (statement and formula only)
- 2.5 Newton’s laws of motion (statement and examples)
- 2.6 Linear momentum, Law of conservation of linear momentum (statement and examples), Impulse
- 2.7 Circular motion: definition of angular displacement, angular velocity, angular acceleration, frequency, time period; Relation between linear and angular velocity, centripetal and centrifugal forces (definition and formula only), application of centripetal force in banking of road
- 2.8 Rotational motion: definition with examples
- 2.9 Definition of torque, angular momentum, moment of inertia and its physical significance

UNIT III**Work, Power and Energy**

- 3.1 Work- definition, symbol, formula and SI unit, types of work (zero work, positive work and negative work) with example
- 3.2 Friction– definition and its simple daily life applications
- 3.3 Power- definition, formula and units
- 3.4 Energy- definition and its SI unit, examples of transformation of energy.
- 3.5 Kinetic energy- definition, examples, formula and its derivation
- 3.6 Potential energy- definition, examples, formula and its derivation
- 3.7 Law of conservation of mechanical energy for freely falling bodies (with derivation)
- 3.8 Simple numerical problems based on formula of Power and Energy

UNIT IV**Properties of Matter**

- 4.1 Elasticity and plasticity- definition, deforming force, restoring force, example of elastic and plastic body
- 4.2 Definition of stress and strain, Hooke’s law, modulus of elasticity
- 4.3 Pressure- definition, atmospheric pressure, gauge pressure, absolute pressure, Pascal’s law

- 4.4 Surface tension- definition, SI unit, applications of surface tension, effect of temperature on surface tension
- 4.5 Viscosity: definition, unit, examples, effect of temperature on viscosity

UNIT V

Heat and Temperature

- 5.1 Definition of heat and temperature (on the basis of kinetic theory)
- 5.2 Difference between heat and temperature
- 5.3 Principle and working of mercury thermometer
- 5.4 Modes of transfer of heat- conduction, convection and radiation with examples.
- 5.5 Properties of heat radiation
- 5.6 Different scales of temperature and their relationship

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

1. Familiarization of measurement instruments and their parts (for example - vernier calliper, screw gauge, spherometer, travelling microscope etc.), and taking a reading. (compulsory to all students)
2. To find diameter of solid cylinder using a vernier calliper
3. To find internal diameter and depth of a beaker using a vernier calliper and hence find its volume.
4. To find the diameter of wire using screw gauge
5. To find thickness of paper using screw gauge.
6. To determine the thickness of glass strip using a spherometer
7. To determine radius of curvature of a given spherical surface by a spherometer.
8. To verify parallelogram law of force
9. To determine the atmospheric pressure at a place using Fortin's Barometer
10. To determine force constant of spring using Hooke's law
11. Measuring room temperature with the help of thermometer and its conversion in different scale.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. "Text Book of Physics for Class XI (Part-I, Part-II)", N.C.E.R.T., Delhi.
2. Dr. HH Lal, "Applied Physics, Vol. I and Vol. II", TTTI Publications, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi.
3. AS Vasudeva, "Applied Physics – I", Modern Publishers, Jalandhar.
4. R A Banwait, "Applied Physics – I", Eagle Prakashan, Jalandhar.
5. E-books/e-tools/relevant software to be used as recommended by AICTE/ HSBTE/ NITTTR.

6. C. L. Arora, “Practical Physics”, S Chand Publication.

SUGGESTED WEBSITES

1. <http://swayam.gov.in>
2. The Physics Classroom
3. <https://www.khanacademy.org/science/physics>

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is hands-on practice based subject and topics taught in the class should be practiced in the Lab regularly for development of required skills in the students. This subject contains five units of equal weightage.

Teacher may use various teaching aids like models, charts, graphs and experimental kits etc. for imparting effective instructions in the subject. Students need to be exposed to use of different sets of units and conversion from one unit type to another. Software may be used to solve problems involving conversion of units. The teacher should explain about field applications before teaching the basics of mechanics, work, power and energy, rotational motion, properties of matter etc. to develop proper understanding of the physical phenomenon. Use of demonstration can make the subject interesting and develop scientific temper in the students. Teachers should give examples of engineering/technology applications of various concepts and principles in each topic so that students are able to appreciate learning of these concepts and principles. In all contents, SI units should be followed. Working in different sets of units can be taught through relevant software.

1.4 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

L P
- 6

RATIONALE

Drawing is the language of engineers and technicians. Reading and interpreting engineering drawings is their day to day responsibility. The subject is aimed at developing basic graphic skills in the students so as to enable them to use these skills in preparation of engineering drawings, their reading and interpretation. The emphasis, while imparting instructions, should be to develop conceptual skills in the students following BIS SP 46 – 1988.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing the subject, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Draw Orthographic views of different objects viewed from different angles.
- CO2: Draw and interpret sectional views of an object which are otherwise not visible in normal view.
- CO3: Draw Isometric views of different solids and develop their surfaces.
- CO4: Identify conventions for different engineering materials, symbols, sections of regular objects and general fittings used in Civil and Electrical household appliances /fittings.
- CO5: Draw orthographic views of different objects by using basic commands of AutoCAD.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

- 1. Introduction to Engineering Drawing and Graphics**
 - 1.1 Introduction to use and care of drawing instruments, drawing materials, layout and sizes of drawing sheets and drawing boards.
 - 1.2 Symbols and conventions-
 - a) Conventions of Engineering Materials, Sectional Breaks and Conventional lines.
 - b) Civil Engineering Sanitary fitting symbols
 - c) Electrical fitting symbols for domestic interior installations.
 - 1.3 Geometrical construction-geometrical figures such as triangles, rectangles, circles, ellipses and curves, hexagons, pentagons bisecting a line and arc , division of line and circle with the help of drawing instruments.

2. Technical Lettering of Alphabet and Numerals

Definition and classification of lettering, Free hand (of height of 5,8,12 mm) and instrumental lettering (of height 20 to 35 mm) : upper case and lower case, single and double stroke, vertical and inclined (Gothic lettering) at 75 degree to horizontal and with suitable height to width ratio 7:4.

3. Dimensioning

- 3.1 Necessity of dimensioning, method and principles of dimensioning (mainly theoretical instructions).
- 3.2 Dimensioning of overall sizes, circles, threaded holes, chamfered surfaces, angles, tapered surfaces, holes, equally spaced on P.C.D., countersunk holes, counter bored holes, cylindrical parts, narrow spaces and gaps, radii, curves and arches.

4. Scales

- 4.1 Scales –Needs and importance (theoretical instructions), Type of scales, Definition of Representative Fraction (R.F.) and Length of Scale.
- 4.2 To draw/construct plain and diagonal scales.

UNIT II

1. Orthographic Projections

- 1.1 Theory of orthographic projections (Elaborate theoretical instructions).
- 1.2 Three views of orthographic projections of different objects of given pictorial view of a block in 1st and 3rd angle.
- 1.3 Projection of Points in different quadrant
- 1.4 Projection of Straight Line (1st angle)
 - i. Line parallel to both the planes.
 - ii. Line perpendicular to any one of the reference plane and parallel to others
 - iii. Line inclined to any one of the references and parallel to another plane.
- 1.5 Projection of Plane – Different lamina like square rectangular, triangular, circle and Hexagonal pentagon. Trace of planes (HT and VT).
- 1.6 Identification of surfaces.

2. Sectioning

- 2.1 Importance and salient features
- 2.2 Drawing of full section, half section, partial or broken out sections, Offset sections, revolved sections and removed sections (theoretical only).
- 2.3 Orthographic sectional views of different objects.

UNIT III

1. Introduction of projection of right solids such as prism & pyramid (square, Pentagon, Hexagonal) cube, cone & cylinder (Axes perpendicular to H.P and parallel to V.P.)
2. Introduction of sections of right solids - Section planes, Sections of Hexagonal prism, pentagon pyramid, cylinder and cone (Section plane parallel to anyone reference planes and perpendicular to V.P. and inclined to H.P.)
3. Development of Surfaces – Development of lateral surfaces of right solids like cone, cylinder, pentagonal prism, pyramid and hexagonal pyramid (Simple problems)

UNIT IV**Isometric Views**

1. Fundamentals of isometric projections and isometric scale.
2. Isometric views of different laminas like circle, pentagon and hexagon.
3. Isometric views of different regular solids like cylinder, cone, cube, cuboid, pyramid and prism.
4. Isometric views from given different orthographic projections(front, side and top view)

UNIT V**Introduction to AutoCAD**

Basic introduction and operational instructions of various commands in AutoCAD. At least two sheets of different objects on AutoCAD (given pictorial/isometric view of a block). AutoCAD skill of student is evaluated in internal assessment only not in external exam.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Surjit Singh, “A Text Book of Engineering Drawing”, Dhanpat Rai & Co., Delhi.
2. PS Gill, “Engineering Drawing”, SK Kataria & Sons, New Delhi.
3. ND Bhatt, “Elementary Engineering Drawing in First Angle Projection”, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Anands.
4. T. Jeyapoovan, “Engineering Drawing and Graphics using AutoCAD”, Vikas Publishing House Pvt, Ltd Noida.
5. S.R.Singhal and O.P.Saxena, “A Text Book of Engineering Drawing”, Asian Publisher, Delhi.
6. RB Gupta, “Engineering Drawing”, Satya Prakashan, New Delhi.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Teacher should show model of realia of the component/part whose drawing is to be made. Emphasis should be given on cleanliness, dimensioning and layout of sheet. Focus should be on proper selection of drawing instruments and their proper use. First angle projection is to be

followed. Minimum of 20 sheets to be prepared and at least 2 sheets on AutoCAD. Instructions relevant to various drawings may be given along with appropriate demonstrations, before assigning drawing practice to students. This subject contains five units of equal weight age.

1.5 FUNDAMENTALS OF IT

L	P
2	4

RATIONALE

Information technology has great influence on all aspects of life. Almost all work places and living environment are being computerized. In order to prepare diploma holders to work in these environments, it is essential that they are exposed to various aspects of information technology such as understanding the concepts of information technology and its scope, operating a computer: use of various office management tools, using internet and mobile applications etc. This course is intended to make new students comfortable with computing environment - Learning basic computer skills, learning basic application software tools, Understanding Computer Hardware, Cyber security awareness.

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the subject student will be able to

- CO1: Explain the basic components of Computers, Internet and issues of abuses/ attacks on information and computers
- CO2: Handle the computer/laptop/mobiles/Internet Utilities and Install/Configure OS
- CO3: Assemble a PC and connect it to external devices
- CO4: Manage and Use Office practiced Automation Tools
- CO5: Develop worksheets and Prepare presentations

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Basics of Computer

Brief history of development of computers, Definition of Computer, Block diagram of a Computer, Hardware, Software, Booting: Cold and Hot Booting, Interaction between the CPU and Memory with Input/Output devices, Function of CPU and major functional parts of CPU. Memory, Bit, Nibble, Byte, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB, Functions of memory, Use of storage devices in a Computer, List types of memory used in a Computer, Importance of cache memory, CPU speed and CPU word length

UNIT II

Basic Internet Skills

Understanding browser, Introduction to WWW, efficient use of search engines, awareness about Digital India portals (state and national portals) and college portals. Advantages of Email, Various email service providers, Creation of email id, sending and receiving emails, attaching documents with email and drive.

Effective use of Gmail, G-Drive, Google Calendar, Google Sites, Google Sheets, Online mode of communication using Google Meet & WebEx.

UNIT III

Basic Logic building

Introduction to Programming, Steps involved in problem solving, Definition of Algorithm, Definition of Flowchart, Steps involved in algorithm development, differentiate algorithm and flowchart, symbols used in flowcharts, algorithms for simple problems, flowcharts for simple problems, Practice logic building using flowchart/algorithms

UNIT IV

Office Tools

Office Tools like LibreOffice/OpenOffice/MSOffice.

OpenOffice Writer – Typesetting Text and Basic Formatting, Inserting Images, Hyperlinks, Bookmarks, Tables and Table Properties in Writer

Introducing LibreOffice/OpenOffice *Calc*, Working with Cells, Sheets, data, tables, using formulae and functions, using charts and graphics.

OpenOffice Impress – Creating and Viewing Presentations, Inserting Pictures and Tables, Slide Master and Slide Design, Custom Animation.

UNIT V

Use of Social Media

Introduction to Digital Marketing – Why Digital Marketing, Characteristics of Digital Marketing, Tools for Digital Marketing, , Effective use of Social Media like LinkedIn, Google+, Facebook, Twitter, etc.: Features of Social media, Advantages and Disadvantages of Social Media.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

1. Browser features, browsing, using various search engines, writing search queries
2. Visit various e-governance/Digital India portals, understand their features, services offered
3. Read Wikipedia pages on computer hardware components, look at those components in lab, identify them, recognize various ports/interfaces and related cables, etc.
4. Using Administrative Tools/Control Panel Settings of Operating Systems

5. Connect various peripherals (printer, scanner, etc.) to computer, explore various features of peripheral and their device driver software.
6. Explore features of Open Office tools and MS-Office, create documents, create presentation, create spread sheet, using these features, do it multiple times
7. Working with Conversion Software like pdfToWord, WordToPPT, etc.
8. Working with Mobile Applications – Searching for Authentic Mobile app, Installation and Settings, Govt. of India Mobile Applications
9. Creating email id, sending and receiving mails with attachments.
10. Using Google drive, Google calendar
11. Create Flow chart and Algorithm for the following
 - i. Addition of n numbers and display result
 - ii. To convert temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit
 - iii. To find Area and Perimeter of Square
 - iv. Swap Two Numbers
 - v. find the smallest of two numbers
 - vi. Find whether given number is Even or Odd
 - vii. To print first n even Numbers
 - viii. find sum of series $1+2+3+\dots+N$
 - ix. print multiplication Table of a number
 - x. generate first n Fibonacci terms $0,1,1,2,3,5\dots n$ ($n>2$)
 - xi. sum and average of given series of numbers
 - xii. Factorial of number n ($n!=1\times2\times3\times\dots n$)
 - xiii. Armstrong Number
 - xiv. Find whether given number is Prime or not

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. R.S. Salaria, “Computer Fundamentals”, Khanna Publishing House.
2. Ramesh Bangia, “PC Software Made Easy – The PC Course Kit”, Khanna Publishing House.
3. Online Resources, Linux man pages, Wikipedia
4. Mokhtar Ebrahim and Andrew Mallett, “Mastering Linux Shell Scripting: A practical guide to Linux command-line, Bash scripting, and Shell programming”.
5. Vikas Gupta, “Comdex Hardware and Networking Course Kit”, Dream Tech press, New Delhi, 2008.
6. Sumitabha Das, “UNIX concepts and applications” Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2008, Fourth Edition.

SUGGESTED WEBSITES

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106222/> - NPTEL Course on Modern Application Development
2. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/aic19_de01/preview -
3. <https://spoken-tutorial.org/> - Tutorials on Introduction to Computers, HTML, LibreOffice Tools, etc.
4. NOTEPAD++
5. <https://tms-outsource.com/blog/posts/web-development-ide/>

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is a skill based subject and topics taught in the class should be practiced in the Lab regularly for development of required skills in the students. This subject contains five units of equal weight age.

1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

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2	-

RATIONALE

A diploma holder must have knowledge of different types of pollution caused due to industrial and construction activities so that he/she may help in balancing the ecosystem and controlling pollution by various control measures. The course is intended to provide a general concept in the dimensions of environmental pollution and disasters caused by nature beyond the human control as well as the disasters and environmental hazards induced by human activities with emphasis on disaster preparedness, response and recovery.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing the subject, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Comprehend the importance of sustainable ecosystem.
- CO2: Clarify interdisciplinary nature of environmental issues.
- CO3: Describe corrective measures for the abatement of pollution.
- CO4: Identify the role of non-conventional energy resources in environmental protection.
- CO5: Recognize various types of disasters.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Introduction

- 1.1 Basics of ecology, eco system- concept, and sustainable development, Sources, advantages, disadvantages of renewable and nonrenewable energy.
- 1.2 Rain water harvesting
- 1.3 Deforestation – its effects & control measures

UNIT II

Air and Noise Pollution

- 2.1 Air Pollution: Source of air pollution. Effect of air pollution on human health, economy, Air pollution control methods.
- 2.2 Noise Pollution: Source of noise pollution, Unit of noise, Effect of noise pollution, Acceptable noise level, Different method of minimizing noise pollution.

UNIT III**Water and Soil Pollution**

- 3.1 Water Pollution: Impurities in water, Cause of water pollution, Source of water pollution. Effect of water pollution on human health, Concept of DO, BOD, COD. Prevention of water pollution- Water treatment processes, Sewage treatment. Water quality standard.
- 3.2 Soil Pollution :Sources of soil pollution, Effects and Control of soil pollution, Types of Solid waste- House hold, Industrial, Agricultural, Biomedical, Disposal of solid waste, Solid waste management E-waste, E – waste management

UNIT IV**Impact of Energy Usage on Environment**

Global Warming, Green House Effect, Depletion of Ozone Layer, Acid Rain. Eco-friendly Material, Recycling of Material, Concept of Green Buildings, Concept of Carbon Credit & Carbon footprint.

UNIT V**Disaster Management****A. Different Types of Disaster:**

Natural Disaster: such as Flood, Cyclone, Earthquakes and Landslides etc.

Man-made Disaster: such as Fire, Industrial Pollution, Nuclear Disaster, Biological Disasters, Accidents (Air, Sea Rail & Road), Structural failures(Building and Bridge), War & Terrorism etc.

B.Disaster Preparedness:

Disaster Preparedness Plan

Prediction, Early Warnings and Safety Measures of Disaster

Psychological response and Management (Trauma, Stress, Rumour and Panic)

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. S.C. Sharma & M.P. Poonia, “Environmental Studies”, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. BR Sharma, “Environmental and Pollution Awareness”, Satya Prakashan, New Delhi.
- 3. Dr. RK Khitoliya, “Environmental Pollution”, S Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
- 4. Erach Bharucha, “Environmental Studies”, University Press (India) Private Ltd., Hyderabad.
- 5. Suresh K Dhamija, “Environmental Engineering and Management”, S K Kataria and Sons, New Delhi.
- 6. E-books/e-tools/relevant software to be used as recommended by AICTE/BTE/NITTTR, Chandigarh.
- 7. Dr. Mrinalini Pandey, “Disaster Management”, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

8. Tushar Bhattacharya, “Disaster Science and Management”, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

In addition to theoretical instructions, different activities pertaining to Environmental Studies and Disaster Management like expert lectures, seminars, visits etc. may also be organized. This subject contains five units of equal weightage.

1.7 GENERAL WORKSHOP PRACTICE

L	P
-	6

RATIONALE

In order to have a balanced overall development of diploma engineers, it is necessary to integrate theory with practice. General Workshop Practice is included in the curriculum in order to provide hands-on experience about use of different tools and basic manufacturing practices. This subject aims at developing general manual and machining skills in the students. In addition, the development of dignity of labour, safety at work place, team working and development of right attitude are the other objectives.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing this subject, the students will be able to:

CO1: Identify tools, equipment and materials used in preparing jobs.

CO2: Take measurements with the help of basic measuring tools/equipment.

CO3: Select materials, tools, and sequence of operations to make a job as per given specifications/drawing.

CO4: Prepare simple jobs independently and inspect the same.

CO5: Use safety equipment and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE).

CO6: Maintain good housekeeping practices.

DETAILED CONTENTS CUM PRACTICAL EXERCISES

Note: The students are supposed to come in proper workshop dress prescribed by the institute. Wearing shoes in the workshop(s) is compulsory. Importance of safety and cleanliness, safety measures and upkeep of tools, equipment and environment in each of the following shops should be explained and practiced. The students should prepare sketches of various tools/jobs in their practical Notebook.

The following shops are included in the syllabus:

1. Welding Shop I
2. Fitting and Plumbing Shop I
3. Sheet Metal Shop
4. Carpentry Shop I
5. Painting Shop
6. Electric and Electronics Shop I

1. WELDING SHOP – I

- 1.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.
- 1.2 Introduction and importance of welding process as compared to other material joining processes. Specifications and type of ARC welding machines, parts identification, classification, selection and coding of electrodes, welding parameters, welding joints and welding positions. Common weldable materials, safety precautions in welding shop, use of Personal Protective Equipment, Use of welding screens, Hazards and remedies during welding, Elementary symbolic representations, demo of tools, equipment, sample jobs prepared, set up of Gas welding apparatus, and welding defects.
- 1.3 Jobs to be prepared
 - Job I Practice of striking arc and depositing uniform and straight beads on flat at different current levels. (Minimum 4 beads on M.S. flat at four setting of current level using shielded metal arc welding and differentiating their characteristics).
 - Job II Edge Preparation and welding lap joint using shielded metal arc welding (SMAW) process.
 - Job III Edge Preparation and welding butt joint using shielded metal arc welding process.
 - Job IV Edge Preparation and welding T Joint using shielded metal arc welding (100mm x 6 mm M.S. Flat).
 - Job V To make a simple job using oxy acetylene gas welding.

2. FITTING AND PLUMBING SHOP – I

- 2.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.
- 2.2 Introduction and Function of holding/ clamping devices, hand tools and cutting tools,
- 2.3 Practical applications of fitting and plumbing
- 2.4 Introduction, function and types of marking and measuring tools and instruments (surface plate, try square, caliper, steel rule, scriber and Vernier caliper)
- 2.5 Identification of materials. (Iron, Copper, Stainless Steel, Aluminum etc.) and identification of various steel sections (flat, angle, channel, bar etc.).
- 2.6 Introduction to various types of pipes (eg water, steam, gas etc) and functions of various pipe fitting items (GI pipe fittings, CPVC pipe fittings), Methods of pipe joints
- 2.7 Introduction to various types of threads (internal and external)
- 2.8 Description and demonstration of various types of drills, taps and dies.
- 2.9 Jobs to be prepared:
 - Job I To fit hacksaw blade in its frame and perform hacksawing operation by using marking media and marking tool and straight sawing practice.
 - Job II To perform filing on MS workpiece (75 * 50 * 6 mm) for giving it a perfect rectangular shape and drilling, tapping operation.

- Job III To perform step filing operation at right angle on MS workpiece.
- Job IV Making external threads on a pipe by using die and to make a PVC/GI pipe connection using nipple and socket.
- Job V Fitting of all components of wash basin and ball valve in a tank.

3. SHEET METAL SHOP

- 3.1. Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, best practices in the concerned shop.
- 3.2 Demonstration of various power tools, apparatus, equipment, hand tools used in sheet metal shop.
- 3.3 Jobs to be prepared
- Job I Prepare a seam joint by using hand tools on GI sheet.
- Job II To prepare riveted lap joint (single/double) on GI sheet.
- Job III To fabricate a funnel of GI sheet using operations of shearing, flattening and bending.
- Job IV To fabricate a conduit joint using various sheet metal operations.
- Job V To fabricate a utility job (eg soap case/file tray/canister box) of thin GI sheet.

4. CARPENTRY SHOP - I

- 4.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.
- 4.2 Introduction and industrial applications of carpentry jobs.
- 4.2.1 Name and use of raw materials used in carpentry shop : wood & alternative materials(board, plywood)
- 4.2.2 Introduction to wood, timber and their identification, shapes and specifications, their properties, applications & defects. Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture, seasoning of wood
- 4.2.3 Names, uses, and types of hand tools such as Saws, C-Clamp, Chisels, Mallets, Carpenter's vices, Marking gauges, Try-squares, Rulers and other commonly used tools and materials used in carpentry shop by segregating as cutting tools, supporting tools, holding tools, measuring tools etc.
- 4.2.4 Specification of iron jack plane used in carpentry shop.
- 4.3 Practice
- 4.3.1 Practices for Basic Carpentry Work
- 4.3.2 Sawing practice using different types of saws
- 4.3.3 Assembling jack plane — planning practice including sharpening and blade adjustment of jack plane cutter
- 4.3.4 Chiselling practice using different types of chisels including sharpening of chisel
- 4.3.5 Making of different types of wooden pin and fixing methods. Marking measuring and inspection of jobs.

4.3.6 Housekeeping practices and instructions.

4.4 Jobs to be Prepared

- Job I Prepare a rectangular wooden block involving operations like Marking, sawing, planning to size, chiseling.
- Job II Prepare a Half Lap Joint (cross, L or T – any one).
- Job III Prepare a Mortise and Tenon joint (T-Joint).
- Job IV Prepare a Dove tail Joint (Half lap dovetail joint).
- Job V Prepare a Bridle Joint.

5. PAINTING SHOP

- 5.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.
- 5.2 Introduction to paints, varnishes, primers and their types, General properties of paints, Constituents of paints, polishes, their advantages and applications.
- 5.3 Introduction of powder coating and spray painting with their uses. Different types of tools and equipment used in polishing and painting.
- 5.4 Preparation of different colours of the paints by using prime colours, Practical demonstration of powder coating and spray painting on a utility object
- 5.5 Jobs to be Prepared
 - Job I Prepare wooden surface for painting such as cleaning, sanding, applying putty, filling procedure and application of primer coat and brush paint the same.
 - Job II Painting on wooden and metallic surfaces by spray gun.
 - Job III Practice of lettering: name plates / sign board.
 - Job IV Practice of dip painting/powder coating.
 - Job V Prepare wooden surface for polishing, apply French polish on wooden surface.

6. ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS SHOP - I

- 6.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, best practices in the concerned shop.
- 6.2 Demonstration and identification of common electrical materials with standard ratings and specifications such as wires, cables, switches, MCB & ELCB, fuses, cleats, clamps and allied items, tools and accessories.
- 6.3 Identification of phase, Neutral and Earth wires for connection to domestic electrical appliances and their connections to three pin plugs. Difference between series and parallel wiring.
- 6.4 Jobs to be performed
 - Job I Carrying out house wiring circuits using fuse, switches, sockets, ceiling rose etc. in batten or P.V.C. casing-caping. Demo of conduit wiring through junctions.
 - Job II To prepare a three level Godown wiring circuit with PVC conduit wiring system.

Job III Installation of Solar Panel, inverter and batteries.

- 6.5 Identification and familiarization with the following tools used in electronic shop such as Tweezers, Screw drivers (different sizes), Insulated Pliers, Cutter, Sniper, Philips Screw Driver (Star Screw Driver), L- Keys, Soldering Iron, soldering wire, flux and their demonstration and uses. Identification and familiarization with multimeter (analog and digital). Various types of protective devices such as wire fuse, cartridge fuse etc. Identification and familiarization with ear phone speaker connector, telephone jacks and similar male and female connectors (audio, video).

6.6 Jobs to be performed

Job IV Practice in the use of tools and instruments used in electronics shop. For this a small experimental set up may be done.

Job V Cut, strip, join an insulated wire with the help of soldering iron (repeat with different types of wires).

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. SK Hajra Choudhary and AK Choudhary, “Workshop Technology I, II, III”, Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, Fifteenth Edition, 2016.
2. RK Jain, “Workshop Technology Vol I& II”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, First Edition, 2021.
3. Manchanda, “Workshop Technology Vol. I, II, III”, India Publishing House, Jalandhar.
4. S.S. Ubhi, “Workshop Training Manual Vol. I, II”, Katson Publishers, Ludhiana.
5. K Venkata Reddy, “Manual on Workshop Practice”, MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi, Sixth Edition, 2020.
6. “General Workshop Manual (Diploma Jobs)”, Khanna Publishers, First Edition, 2021.
7. T Jeyapoovan, “Basic Workshop Practice Manual”, Vikas Publishing House (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
8. B. S. Raghuvanshi, “Workshop Technology, Vol. I”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, Delhi, Eleventh Edition, 2017.
9. Kannaiah K L, Narayana, “Workshop Manual”, Scitech Publications, Chennai, Second Edition 1998.
10. H S Bawa, “Workshop Practice”, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, First Edition, 2004

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is hands-on practice based workshop for development of required skills in the students.

SECOND SEMESTER

SECOND SEMESTER

2.1	Applied Mathematics - II	40-42
2.2	Applied Physics - II	43-46
2.3	Applied Chemistry	47-50
2.4	Applied Mechanics	51-54
2.5	Mechanical Engineering Drawing- I	55-57
2.6	Workshop Technology -I	58-61
2.7	Workshop Practice- I	62-66

2.1 APPLIED MATHEMATICS - II

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4	-

RATIONALE

Applied mathematics forms the backbone of engineering students. Basic elements of Differential calculus, Integral calculus and Differential Equations have been included in this course. This will develop analytical abilities to apply in engineering field and will provide continuing educational base to the students.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing the subject, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Formulate the engineering problems into mathematical format with the use of differential equations and differential
- CO2: Use the differentiation and Integration in solving various Mathematical and Engineering problems.
- CO3: Calculate the approximate area under a curve by applying integration and numerical methods.
- CO4: Discuss the purposes of measures of central tendency and calculate the measures of central tendency (mode, median, mean) for a set of data.
- CO5: Learn about basic fundamentals about MATLAB/ SciLab and mathematical calculation with MATLAB/ SciLab software.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Differential Calculus

- 1.1 Definition of function; Concept of limits (Introduction only) and problems related to four standard limits only.
- 1.2 Differentiation of x^n , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, e^x by first principle.
- 1.3 Differentiation of sum, product and quotient of functions.

UNIT II

Differential Calculus and Its Applications

- 2.1 Differentiation of trigonometric functions, inverse trigonometric functions. Logarithmic differentiation, successive differentiation (upto 2nd order)
- 2.2 Application of differential calculus in:
 - (a) Rate measures
 - (b) Maxima and minima

UNIT III**Integral Calculus**

- 3.1 Integration as inverse operation of differentiation with simple examples.
- 3.2 Simple standard integrals and related problems, Integration by Substitution method and Integration by parts.
- 3.3 Evaluation of definite integrals with given limits.

$$\text{Evaluation of } \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^n x \, dx, \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x \, dx, \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx$$

using formulae without proof (m and n being positive integers only) using pre-existing mathematical models.

UNIT IV**Application of Integration, Numerical Integration and Differential Equations**

- 4.1 Applications of integration: for evaluation of area under a curve and axes (Simple problems).
- 4.2 Numerical integration by Trapezoidal Rule and Simpson's 1/3rd Rule using pre-existing mathematical models.

Differential Equations

- 4.3 Definition, order, degree, Type of differential Equations, linearity, Formulation of ordinary differential equation (up to 1st order), solution of ODE (1st order) by variable separation method.

UNIT V**Statistics and Software****Statistics**

- 5.1 Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode
- 5.2 Measures of Dispersion: Mean deviation, Standard deviation

Software

- 5.3 SciLab software – Theoretical Introduction.
- 5.4 Basic difference between MATLAB and SciLab software,
- 5.5 Calculations with MATLAB or SciLab - (a) Representation of matrix (2×2 order),
(b) Addition, Subtraction of matrices (2×2 order) in MATLAB or SciLab

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 R. D. Sharma, “Applied Mathematics – I & II for Diploma Courses”, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
- 2 “Mathematics for Class XI”, NCERT Publication, New Delhi.
- 3 “Mathematics for Class XII”, NCERT Publication, New Delhi.

- 4 H. K Dass, “Applied Mathematics for Polytechnics”, CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 5 A Ganesh and G Balasubramanian, “Textbook of Engineering Mathematics –I”, CBS Publisher, New Delhi.
- 6 A Ganesh and G Balasubramanian, “Textbook of Engineering Mathematics –II”, CBS Publisher, New Delhi.
- 7 G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney, “Calculus and Analytic Geometry”, Addison Wesley, Ninth Edition.
- 8 B S Grewal, “Elementary Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, Thirty-fifth Edition.
- 9 R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics” Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2003.
- 10 SS Sabharwal & Dr Sunita Jain, “Applied Mathematics Vol. I & II”, Eagle Parkashan, Jalandhar.
- 11 S Kohli, “Engineering Mathematics Vol. I & II”, IPH, Jalandhar.
- 12 Reena Garg & Chandrika Prasad, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 13 R. Pratap, “Getting Started with MATLAB 7”, Oxford University Press, Seventh Edition.
- 14 E-books/e-tools/relevant software to be used as recommended by AICTE/HSBTE/NITTTR.

SUGGESTED WEBSITES

- 1) <https://www.scilab.org>
- 2) <http://swayam.gov.in>

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is theoretical subject and contains five units of 20% equal weight age.

Basic elements of Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, and Differential Equations can be taught in the light of their applications in the field of engineering and technology. By laying more stress on applied part, teachers can also help in providing continuing education base to the students. Students need to be taught the skills needed to use software tools built by experts through multiple problem solving based on the topics that the industry requires. For example they need to know how to use mathematical models that use integration as opposed to learning how integration can be used. Useful authenticated software MATLAB or open source software SciLab can be taught theoretically by books/online literatures and basic operations can be shown practically with practical software laboratory or small mobile apps of these software or authentic Trial version of MATLAB/ SciLab software. Diploma students need to know which tools to use and how to do the job.

2.2 APPLIED PHYSICS - II

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RATIONALE

Applied physics includes the study of a large number of diverse topics all related to things that go on in the world around us. It aims to give an understanding of this world both by observation and by prediction of the way in which objects will behave. Concrete use of physical principles and analysis in various technical fields are given prominence in the course content to prepare students for various technical applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Differentiate between types of waves and their motion.
- CO2: Illustrate laws of reflection and refraction of light.
- CO3: Demonstrate competency in phenomena of electrostatics and electricity.
- CO4: Characterize properties of material to prepare new materials for various technical applications.
- CO5: Demonstrate a strong foundation on Modern Physics to use at various technical applications.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

Wave Motion and its Applications

- 1.1 Waves: definition, types (mechanical and electromagnetic wave).
- 1.2 Wave motion- transverse and longitudinal with examples, terms used in wave motion like displacement, amplitude, time period, frequency, wavelength, wave velocity; relationship among wave velocity, frequency and wave length.
- 1.3 Simple harmonic motion (SHM): definition, examples.
- 1.4 Cantilever: definition, formula of time period (without derivation).

- 1.5 Free, forced and resonant vibrations with examples
- 1.6 Sound waves: types (infrasonic, audible, ultrasonic) on the basis of frequency, noise, coefficient of absorption of sound, echo

UNIT II

Optics

- 2.1 Reflection and refraction of light with laws, refractive index.
- 2.2 Lens: introduction, lens formulae (no derivation), power of lens and simple numerical problems.
- 2.3 Total internal reflection and its applications, critical angle and conditions for total internal reflection.
- 2.4 Superposition of waves (concept only), definition of Interference, Diffraction and Polarization of waves.
- 2.5 Introduction to Microscope, Telescope and their applications.

UNIT III

Electrostatics and Electricity

- 3.1 Electric charge, unit of charge, conservation of charge.
- 3.2 Coulomb's law of electrostatics.
- 3.3 Electric field, electric lines of force (definition and properties), electric field intensity due to a point charge.
- 3.4 Definition of electric flux, Gauss law (statement and formula).
- 3.5 Capacitor and capacitance (with formula and unit).
- 3.6 Electric current and its SI Unit, direct and alternating current.
- 3.7 Resistance, conductance (definition and unit).
- 3.8 Series and parallel combination of resistances.
- 3.9 Ohm's law (statement and formula).

UNIT IV

Classification of Materials and their Properties

- 4.1 Definition of energy level, energy bands.
- 4.2 Types of materials (conductor, semiconductor, insulator and dielectric) with examples, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors (introduction only).

- 4.3 Introduction to magnetism, type of magnetic materials: diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic materials with examples
- 4.4 Magnetic field, magnetic lines of force, magnetic flux
- 4.5 Electromagnetic induction (definition)

UNIT V

Modern Physics

- 5.1 Laser: introduction, principle, absorption, spontaneous emission, stimulated emission, population inversion
- 5.2 Engineering and medical applications of laser
- 5.3 Fibre optics: introduction to optical fibers (definition, principle and parts), light propagation, fiber types (mono-mode, multi-mode), applications in medical, telecommunication and sensors
- 5.4 Nanotechnology: introduction, definition of nanomaterials with examples, properties at nanoscale, applications of nanotechnology (brief)

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

- 1. Familiarization with apparatus (resistor, rheostat, key, ammeter, voltmeter, telescope, microscope etc.)
- 2. To find the time period of a simple pendulum.
- 3. To study variation of time period of a simple pendulum with change in length of pendulum.
- 4. To determine and verify the time period of Cantilever.
- 5. To verify Ohm's laws by plotting a graph between voltage and current.
- 6. To study colour coding scheme of resistance.
- 7. To verify laws of resistances in series combination.
- 8. To verify laws of resistance in parallel combination.
- 9. To find resistance of galvanometer by half deflection method.
- 10. To verify laws of reflection of light using mirror.
- 11. To verify laws of refraction using glass slab.
- 12. To find the focal length of a concave lens, using a convex lens.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. “Text Book of Physics for Class XII (Part-I, Part-II)”, N.C.E.R.T., Delhi.
2. Dr. HH Lal, “Applied Physics, Vol. I & II”, TTTI Publications, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi.
3. AS Vasudeva, “Applied Physics –II”, Modern Publishers, Jalandhar.
4. R A Banwait, “Applied Physics – II”, Eagle Prakashan, Jalandhar.
5. N Subrahmanyam, Brij Lal and Avadhanulu, “A text book of OPTICS”, S Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
6. E-books/e-tools/relevant software to be used as recommended by AICTE/ HSBTE/NITTTR.
7. M H Fulekar, “Nanotechnology: Importance and Applications”, IK International Publishing House (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
8. C. L. Arora, “Practical Physics”, S Chand Publication.

SUGGESTED WEBSITES

1. <http://swayam.gov.in>

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is hands-on practice based subject and topics taught in the class should be practiced in the Lab regularly for development of required skills in the students. This subject contains five units of equal weightage.

Teacher may use various teaching aids like models, charts, graphs and experimental kits etc. for imparting effective instructions in the subject. Students need to be exposed to use of different sets of units and conversion from one unit type to another. Software may be used to solve problems involving conversion of units. The teacher should explain about field applications before teaching the basics of mechanics, work, power and energy, rotational motion, properties of matter etc. to develop proper understanding of the physical phenomenon. Use of demonstration can make the subject interesting and develop scientific temper in the students.

Teachers should give examples of engineering/technology applications of various concepts and principles in each topic so that students are able to appreciate learning of these concepts and principles. In all contents, SI units should be followed. Working in different sets of units can be taught through relevant software.

2.3 APPLIED CHEMISTRY

L	P
3	2

RATIONALE

The regular use of a variety of chemistry based materials and processes in diverse technical and engineering fields have repeatedly proven the importance of Applied Chemistry and its role in current and future technological advancements. Ever increasing use of chemical materials in the emerging engineering applications demands engineers and technocrats to acquire an in-depth knowledge of Applied Chemistry to be able to choose the best suited materials to meet their needs while maintaining the environment sustainability. An understanding of the principles of Applied Chemistry will develop scientific attitude in the budding engineers to understand the physical and chemical properties of the available materials for engineering applications as well as an ability to design new and effective materials.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After studying this subject, students will be able to:

CO1: Classify the elements into metals, non-metals and metalloids.

CO2: Explain the extraction of metals from ores, their mechanical properties and modification of properties by alloy formation.

CO3: Classify fuels and lubricants and apply them in different engineering applications.

CO4: Identify the polymeric materials, assess their properties and design suitable polymeric materials for current and future applications.

CO5: Apply effective methods for corrosion prevention,

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT 1

Atomic Structure, Periodic Table and Chemical Bonding.

- 1.1 Bohr's model of atom (qualitative treatment only), dual character of matter: derivation of de-Broglie's equation, Heisenberg's Principle of Uncertainty, modern concept of atomic structure: definition of orbitals, shapes of s, p and d-orbitals, quantum numbers and their significance. Electronic configuration: Aufbau and Pauli's exclusion principles and Hund's rule, electronic

configuration of elements up to atomic number 30.

- 1.2 Modern Periodic law and Periodic table, classification of elements into s, p, d and f-blocks, metals, non-metals and metalloids (periodicity in properties excluded).
- 1.3 Chemical bonding: cause of bonding, ionic bond, covalent bond, and metallic bond (electron sea or gas model), Physical properties of ionic, covalent and metallic substances.

UNIT II

Metals and Alloys

- 2.1 Metals: mechanical properties of metals such as conductivity, elasticity, strength and stiffness, luster, hardness, toughness, ductility, malleability, brittleness, and impact resistance and their uses.
- 2.2 Definition of a mineral, ore, gangue, flux and slag. Metallurgy of iron from haematite using a blast furnace. Commercial varieties of iron.
- 2.3 Alloys: definition, necessity of making alloys, composition, properties and uses of duralumin and steel. Heat treatment of steel- normalizing, annealing, quenching, tempering.

UNIT III

Water, Solutions, Acids and Bases

- 3.1 Solutions: definition, expression of the concentration of a solution in percentage (w/w, w/v and v/v), normality, molarity and molality and ppm. Simple problems on solution preparation.
- 3.2 Arrhenius concept of acids and bases, strong and weak acids and bases, pH value of a solution and its significance, pH scale. Simple numerical problems on pH of acids and bases.
- 3.3 Hard and soft water, causes of hardness of water, types of hardness – temporary and permanent hardness, expression of hardness of water, ppm unit of hardness; disadvantages of hard water; removal of hardness: removal of temporary hardness by boiling and Clark's method; removal of permanent hardness of water by Ion-Exchange method; boiler problems caused by hard water: scale and sludge formation, priming and foaming, caustic embrittlement; water sterilization by chlorine, UV radiation and RO.

UNIT IV

Fuels and Lubricants

- 4.1 Fuels: definition and classification of higher and lower calorific values, units of calorific value, characteristics of an ideal fuel. Petroleum: composition and refining of petroleum; gaseous fuels: composition, properties and uses of CNG, PNG, LNG, LPG; relative advantages of liquid and gaseous fuels over solid fuels. Scope of hydrogen as future fuel.
- 4.2 Lubricants- Functions and qualities of a good lubricant, classification of lubricants with

examples; lubrication mechanism (brief idea only); physical properties (brief idea only) of a lubricant: oiliness, viscosity, viscosity index, flash and fire point, ignition temperature, pour point.

UNIT V

Polymers and Electrochemistry

- 5.1 Polymers and Plastics: definition of polymer, classification, addition and condensation polymerization; preparation properties and uses of polythene, PVC, Nylon-66, Bakelite; definition of plastic, thermoplastics and thermosetting polymers; natural rubber and neoprene, other synthetic rubbers (names only).
- 5.2 Corrosion: definition, dry and wet corrosion, factors affecting rate of corrosion, methods of prevention of corrosion—hot dipping, metal cladding, cementation, quenching, cathodic protection methods
- 5.3 Introduction and application of nanotechnology: nano-materials and their classification, applications of nanotechnology in various engineering applications (brief).

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

1. To prepare standard solution of oxalic acid.
2. To dilute the given KMnO_4 solution
3. To find out the strength in grams per litre of an unknown solution of sodium hydroxide using a standard (N/10) oxalic acid solution.
4. To find out the total alkalinity in parts per million (ppm) of a water sample with the help of a standard sulphuric acid solution.
5. To determine the total hardness of given water sample by EDTA method
6. To determine the amount of total dissolved solids (TDS) in ppm in a given sample of water gravimetrically
7. To determine the pH of different solutions using a digital pH meter.
8. To determine the calorific value of a solid/liquid fuel using a Bomb calorimeter.
9. To determine the viscosity of a lubricating oil using a Redwood viscometer
10. To prepare a sample of Phenol-formaldehyde resin (Bakelite)/Nylon-66 in the lab.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. “Textbook of Chemistry for class XI and XII (part I & II)”, NCERT, Delhi, 2017-18.
2. C.N. R. Rao, “Understanding Chemistry”, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2011.

3. Jain & Jain, “Engineering Chemistry”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons; New Delhi, 2015.
4. Dr. G. H. Hugar & Prof A. N. Pathak, “Applied Chemistry Laboratory Practices, Vol. I and Vol. II”, NITTTR, Chandigarh, Publications, 2013-14.
5. Rajesh Agnihotri, “Chemistry for Engineers”, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2014.
6. “Applied Chemistry” by Usha Raju.

SUGGESTED WEBSITES

1. www.chemguide.co.uk/atommenu.html (Atomic structure and chemical bonding)
2. www.visionlearning.com (Atomic structure and chemical bonding)
3. www.cheml.com (Atomic structure and chemical bonding)
4. <https://www.wastewaterelearning.com/elearning/> (Water treatment)
5. www.capital-refractories.com (Metals, Alloys, Cement, and Refractory Materials)
6. www.em-ea.org/guide%20books/book-2/2.1%20fuels%20and%20combustion.pdf (Fuel and Combustion)

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Teachers may take help of various models and charts while imparting instructions to make the concept clear. More emphasis should be laid on discussing and explaining practical applications of various chemical process and reactions. In addition, students should be encouraged or motivated to study those processes in more details, which may find practical application in their future professional career. This subject contains five units of equal weightage.

2.4 APPLIED MECHANICS

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RATIONALE

This course Applied Mechanics deals with basic concepts of mechanics like laws of forces, moments, friction, centre of gravity, laws of motion and simple machines which are required by the students for further understanding of other allied subjects. The subject enhances the analytical ability of the students.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing this subject, the students will be able to:

CO1: Draw free body diagrams by analyzing different types of forces acting on a body.

CO2: Determine the resultant of coplanar concurrent forces.

CO3: Solve problems by using principle of moment.

CO4: Calculate the least force required to maintain equilibrium on an inclined plane.

CO5: Determine the centroid/centre of gravity of plain and composite lamina and solid bodies.

CO6: Determine velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency of simple machines.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT 1

1. Introduction

Concept of mechanics, Classification of mechanics, utility of mechanics in engineering field, Concept of rigid body, scalar and vector quantities.

2. Laws of forces

Definition of force, measurement of force in SI units, its representation, types of force: Point force/concentrated force & Uniformly distributed force, effects of force, characteristics of a force, Different force systems (coplanar and non-coplanar), principle of transmissibility of forces, law of superposition, Free body diagram, Composition and resolution of coplanar concurrent forces, resultant force, method of composition of forces, laws of forces, parallelogram law of forces (with derivation), triangle law of forces, polygon law of forces - graphically, analytically, resolution of forces, resolving

a force into two rectangular components, Lami's theorem, Simple numericals, Equilibrium of forces and its determination.

UNIT II

3. Moment

Concept of moment, Moment of a force and units of moment, Varignon's theorem (definition only), Principle of moment and its applications (Levers – simple and compound, steel yard, safety valve), Simple numericals. Parallel forces (like and unlike parallel force), calculating their resultant, Concept of couple, its properties and effects, General conditions of equilibrium of bodies under coplanar forces, Position of resultant force by moment.

UNIT III

4. Friction

Definition and concept of friction, types of friction, force of friction, Laws of static friction, coefficient of friction, angle of friction, angle of repose, cone of friction, Equilibrium of a body lying on a horizontal plane, equilibrium of a body lying on a rough inclined plane. Calculation of least force required to maintain equilibrium of a body on a rough inclined plane subjected to a force acting along the inclined plane and subjected to a force acting at some angle with the inclined plane, Simple numericals.

UNIT IV

5. Centre of Gravity and Centroid

Concept, definition of centroid of plain figures and centre of gravity of symmetrical solid bodies. Axis of symmetry, Reference axis. Determination of centroid of plain and composite lamina (T, L, C and I shape) using moment method only, centroid of bodies with removed portion. Determination of center of gravity of solid bodies - cone, cylinder, hemisphere and sphere; composite bodies and bodies with portion removed.

6. Laws of Motion

Newton's laws of motion and their applications, Concept of momentum. Derivation of force equation from second law of motion, numerical problems on second law of motion. Bodies tied with string, Newton's third law of motion, numerical problems, conservation of momentum, impulse and impulsive force.

UNIT V**7. Simple Machines**

Definition of effort, velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency of a machine and their relationship, law of machines, Simple and compound machine (Examples). Definition of ideal machine, reversible and self locking machine. Effort lost in friction, Load lost in friction, determination of maximum mechanical advantage and maximum efficiency, Simple numericals. System of pulleys (first, second, third system of pulleys), determination of velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency. Working principle and application of wheel and axle, Weston's Differential Pulley Block, simple screw jack, worm and worm wheel, single and double winch crab. Expression for their velocity ratio and field of their application.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES

1. Verification of polygon law of forces using universal force table/Gravesend apparatus.
2. Verification of Lami's theorem.
3. To verify law of moments by using Bell crank lever.
4. To verify the forces in different members of jib crane.
5. To determine coefficient of friction between three pairs of given surface.
6. To find out center of gravity of regular lamina.
7. To find out center of gravity of irregular lamina.
8. To find the mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of a screw jack.
9. To find the mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of worm and worm wheel.
10. To find mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of single purchase crab.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Birinder Singh, "Text Book of Applied Mechanics", Katson Publishing House, New Delhi.
2. A. K. Upadhyay, "Text Book of Applied Mechanics", SK Kataria & Sons, New Delhi.
3. S. Ramamurtham, "A Text Book of Applied Mechanics", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd, Delhi.
4. R. S. Khurmi, "A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics (Applied Mechanics)", S Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
5. R. K. Rajput, "A Text Book of Applied Mechanics", Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
6. D. S. Bedi, "Engineering Mechanics", Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is hands-on practice based subject and topics taught in the class should be practiced in the lab regularly for development of required skills in the students. This subject contains five units of equal weightage.

2.5 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DRAWING-I

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RATIONALE

Drawing is the language of engineers and technicians. Reading and interpreting engineering drawing is their day-to-day responsibility. The subject is aimed at developing basic graphic skills in the students so as to enable them to use these skills in preparation of engineering drawings, their reading and interpretation. The emphasis, while imparting instructions, should be to develop conceptual skills in the students following BIS SP 46 – 1988.

Note:

- 1) First angle projection is to be followed.
- 2) Minimum 15 sheets to be prepared.
- 3) BIS Code SP 46-1988 should be followed.
- 4) Instructions relevant to various drawings may be given along with appropriate demonstration before assigning drawing practice to the students.
- 5) 20 percent of drawing sheets to be prepared on the third angle projection.
- 6) Use CAD software.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Draw the assembly from part details of objects.
- CO2: Identify and draw different types of screw threads.
- CO3: Draw different types of nuts, bolts and washers.
- CO4: Draw various locking devices.
- CO5: Draw different section of various types of keys and cotter joints.
- CO6: Draw various riveted joints.
- CO7: Draw various types of couplings used in power transmission.
- CO8: Prepare drawing using AutoCAD.

DETAILED CONTENTS

1. Detail and Assembly Drawing (02 sheets)

Principle and utility of detail and assembly drawings, Practical exercise on drawing from detail to assembly or vice versa using different wooden joints as example (lap joint – T joint and corner joint, Mortise and tenon joint, Bridle joint, Mitre faced corner joint).

2. Threads (02 sheets)

Nomenclature of threads, types of threads. Single and multiple start threads, right hand and left hand thread. Forms of various external thread sections such as V thread (Metric thread, British associate, American thread, Basic whitworth thread), Square, Acme, Knuckle, and Buttress thread. Simplified conventional representation of V thread.

3. Nuts and Bolts (03 sheets)

Different views of hexagonal and square headed nuts and bolts. Assembled view of nuts and bolts with washers. Foundation bolt- Rag bolt, Hook bolt. Lewis bolt, Eye bolt and curved bolt (Free hand)

4. Locking Devices (01 sheet)

Locking nuts - Castle nut, Sawn nut, and Split pin lock nut. Locking by spring washers, Locking plates.

5. Screws, Studs and Washers (01 sheet)

Drawing of various types of machine and set screws. Drawing of various types' of studs, through bolt, tap bolt and stud bolt.

6. Keys and Cotters (03 sheets)

Various types of keys and their application. Preparation of drawings of various keys and cotters. Various types of joints (a) Gib and Cotter joint (b) Knuckle joint (c) Spigot and Socket joint

7. Rivets and Riveted Joints (02 sheets)

Types of general purpose rivet heads (Snap Head, Pan Head , Flat and counter sunk). Types of riveted joints – lap (single and double riveted), butt (single cover plate and double cover plate), chain and zig-zag riveting (Double riveted). Caulking and fullering operation of riveted joints.

8. Shaft Coupling**(02 sheets)**

Introduction to coupling, their uses and types, Muff Coupling, Protected type flange coupling. Flexible or non-rigid coupling

9. Computer Aided Drafting (CAD)**(04 sheets)**

Introduction, Various 2 D commands – Draw, modify and option commands, Prepare at least 4 sheets using CAD software – one drawing each from wooden joint, threads, nut and bolts, coupling.

Note : CAD drawing will be evaluated internally for sessional marks and not by final theory paper.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. Surjit Singh, “A Text Book of Engineering Drawing”, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, New Delhi.
2. P.S. Gill, “Engineering Drawing”, SK Kataria and Sons, New Delhi.
3. N.D. Bhatt, “Mechanical Engineering Drawing”, Charotar Publishing House, Anand
4. T Jeyapoovan, “Engineering Drawing and Graphics Using AutoCAD”, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Limited, Delhi.
5. Sham Tickoo and D. Sarvanan, “AutoCAD : For Engineers & Designers”, Wiley India Pvt.Ltd., Delhi

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

The teachers should first demonstrate then assist the students to prepare drawing sheets. The student should also be encouraged and motivated to learn CAD software at the earliest and do the given exercises.

2.6 WORKSHOP TECHNOLOGY- I

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RATIONALE

Diploma holders are responsible for supervising production processes to achieve production targets and for optimal utilization of resources. For this purpose, knowledge about hand tools, measuring instruments, welding, and various machining processes is required to be imparted. Hence the subject of workshop technology.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After undergoing the subject, students will be able to:

- CO1: Classify various types of hand tools.
- CO2: Explain working principle of vernier caliper and micrometer for measurement.
- CO3: Explain the parts of lathe and their functions.
- CO4: Select material and tool geometry for cutting tools on lathe.
- CO5: Explain geometry of single point tool, various types of lathe tools and tool materials.
- CO6: Explain the working of drilling and boring process.
- CO7: Explain the nomenclature of a drill and boring tools.
- CO8: Select most appropriate process, electrodes, various process parameters for a job.
- CO9: Explain principle of gas welding and arc welding process.
- CO10: Select a cutting fluid for an operation.

DETAILED CONTENTS

UNIT I

1. Hand Tools

Chisels – Types and uses of chisels, wood working chisels, metal working chisels – cold chisel, hard chisel, stone chisel, masonry chisel. Hammers – Types, Basic design and variations, Physics of hammering, Hammer as force multiplier, effect of head's mass, effect of handle.

Saw – Saw terminology, types of saws, types of saw blades, material used for saw, Hacksaw frame and its types. Pliers – Function and types. Wrenches/ Spanners – Common General wrenches/spanners, Specialized wrenches/spanners, Surface plate, V block, files, Surface Gauge.

2. Measuring Instruments

Calipers – Types – Inside, outside, divider, Odd leg caliper. Vernier Caliper- Parts, uses, checking error, least count, working principle. Outside micrometer - Introduction, parts, Principle, Least count, Checking zero error.

UNIT II

3. Cutting Tools and Cutting Materials

Cutting Tools - Various types of single point cutting tools and their uses, Single point cutting tool geometry, tool signature and its effect, Heat produced during cutting and its effect, Cutting speed, feed and depth of cut and their effect.

Cutting Tool Materials - Properties of cutting tool material, Study of various cutting tool materials viz. High-speed steel, tungsten carbide, cobalt steel cemented carbides, stellite, ceramics and diamond.

UNIT III

4. Welding

Welding Process - Principle of welding, Classification of welding processes, Advantages and limitations of welding, Industrial applications of welding, Welding positions and techniques, symbols. Safety precautions in welding.

Gas Welding - Principle of operation, Types of gas welding flames and their applications, Gas welding equipment - Gas welding torch, Oxygen cylinder, acetylene cylinder, cutting torch, Blow pipe, Pressure regulators, Filler rods and fluxes and personal safety equipment for welding.

Arc Welding - Principle of operation, Arc welding machines and equipment. A.C. and D.C. arc welding, Effect of polarity, current regulation and voltage regulation, Electrodes: Classification, B.I.S. specification and selection, Flux for arc welding. Requirements of pre heating, post heating of electrodes and work piece. Welding defects and their testing methods.

UNIT IV

5. Lathe

Principle of turning, Description and function of various parts of a lathe. Classification and specification of various types of lathe, Drives and transmission, Work holding devices. Lathe tools: Parameters/Nomenclature and applications. Lathe operations - Plain and step turning, facing, parting off, taper turning, eccentric turning, drilling, reaming, boring, threading and knurling, form turning, spinning. Cutting parameters – Speed, feed and depth of cut for various materials and for various operations, machining time. Speed ratio, preferred numbers of speed selection. Lathe accessories:- Centers, dogs, different types of chucks, collets, face plate, angle plate, mandrel, steady rest, follower

rest, taper turning attachment, tool post grinder, milling attachment, Quick change device for tools. Brief description of capstan and turret lathe, comparison of capstan/turret lathe, work holding and tool guiding devices in capstan and turret lathe.

UNIT V

6. Drilling

Principle of drilling. Classification of drilling machines and their description. Various operation performed on drilling machine – drilling, spot facing, reaming, boring, counter boring, counter sinking, hole milling, tapping. Speeds and feeds during drilling, impact of these parameters on drilling, machining time. Types of drills and their features, nomenclature of a drill. Drill holding devices. Types of reamers.

7. Boring

Principle of boring, Classification of boring machines and their brief description. Specification of boring machines. Boring tools, boring bars and boring heads. Description of jig boring machine.

8. Cutting Fluids and Lubricants

Function of cutting fluid, Types of cutting fluids, Difference between cutting fluid and lubricant, Selection of cutting fluids for different materials and operations, Common methods of lubrication of machine tools, Certifying Organizations (such as SAE, ASTM) for rating standards of lubricants.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. B.S. Raghuwanshi, “A Course in Workshop Technology (Vol. I, Manufacturing Processes)”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2015.
2. B.S. Raghuwanshi, “A Course in Workshop Technology (Vol. II Machine Tools)”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2017.
3. R. K. Jain, “Workshop Technology Vol I & II”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, First Edition, 2021.
4. T. L. Choudhary, “Workshop Technology Part - 1 & 2”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, Sixth Edition, 2019.
5. S. K. Choudhry and Hajra, “Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. I Manufacturing Processes)”, Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
6. S. K. Choudhry, Hajra and Nirja Roy, “Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. II Machine Tools)”, Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Fifteenth Edition, 2016.

7. P. C. Sharma, “A Text Book of Production Engineering”, S Chand and Company Ltd., Delhi, Eleventh Edition, 2013.
8. R. K. Jain, “Production Technology”, New Delhi, Nineteenth Edition, 2019.
9. P. N. Rao, “Manufacturing Technology Volume –I ”, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi, Fifth Edition, 2019.
10. P. N. Rao, “Manufacturing Technology Volume –II”, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi, Fourth Edition, 2019.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Teachers should lay emphasis in making students conversant with concepts and principles of manufacturing processes. This is theoretical subject and contains five units of equal weight age.

2.7 WORKSHOP PRACTICE - I

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RATIONALE

In order to have a balanced overall development of diploma engineers, it is necessary to integrate theory with practice. This course is included in the curriculum in order to provide hands-on experience about basic manufacturing practices. This subject aims at developing general manual skills in the students. In addition, the development of dignity of labour, safety at work place, team working and development of right attitude are the other objectives.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing the subject, the students will be able to:

CO1: Identify tools, equipment and materials used in preparing jobs.

CO2: Take measurements with the help of basic measuring tools/equipment.

CO3: Select materials, tools, and sequence of operations to make a job as per given specifications/drawing.

CO4: Prepare simple jobs independently and inspect the same.

CO5: Use safety equipment and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE).

CO6: Maintain good housekeeping practices.

DETAILED CONTENTS CUM PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following shops are included in the syllabus.

- 1 Welding Shop – II
- 2 Fitting and Plumbing Shop – II
- 3 Carpentry Shop II
- 4 Smithy Shop
- 5 Electric and Electronics Shop II
- 6 Turning Shop

1. WELDING SHOP – II

- 1.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.

- 1.2 Introduction to gas welding, gas welding equipment, introduction to soldering and brazing, introduction to resistance welding, safety precautions.
- 1.3 Identification and adjustment of various types of gas flames
- 1.4 Demonstration of brazing and gas cutting
- 1.5 Demonstration of Welding defects
- 1.6 Jobs to be prepared
 - Job I Beading Practice by gas welding.
 - Job II Preparation of lap joint on M.S. flat using gas welding.
 - Job III Preparation of double V butt joint/corner joint on M.S. flat using gaswelding / arc welding process
 - Job IV Preparation of pipe joint using gas/arc welding
 - Job V Preparation of a small cot frame/stool/table frame/drawing tableframe) using gas or arc welding.

2. FITTING AND PLUMBING SHOP – II

- 2.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.
- 2.2 Handling of measuring instruments, Use of dial gauges and feeler gauges.
- 2.3 Demonstration of various types of drills, taps and dies.
- 2.4 Introduction to tapping and dieing
 - Job I To perform drilling and reaming operation on mild steel flat.
- 2.5 file and make angle, surfaces (Bevel gauge accuracy 1 degree) make simple open and sliding fits
Inside square fit, make combined open and sliding fit, straight sides
 - Job II To make assembly for V shape or square shape fit.
 - Job III Radius form filing on the corners
- 2.6 Sliding fitting, Diamond fitting, Lapping flat surfaces using lapping plate. Application of lapping, material for lapping tools, lapping abrasives, charging of lapping tool. Surface finish importance, equipment for testing-terms relation to surface finish
 - Job IV To make step assembly.
- 2.7 Introduction to various types of threads (internal and external)-single start, multi-start, left hand and right hand threads.
- 2.8 Description and demonstration of various types of drills, taps and dies. Selection of dies for threading, selection of drills, taps and reamers for tapping operations.
- 2.9 Introduction to use of plumbing tools like pipe wrench, plumber vice and materials like Putty, thread, duct (Teflon) tape, epoxy resin, araldite, m-seal.
- 2.10 Precautions while drilling soft metals, e.g. copper, brass, aluminium etc.

Job V To make overhead tank assembly with GI/C-PVC pipes and joints.

3. CARPENTRY SHOP – II

3.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.

3.2 Introduction to joints, their relative advantages and uses.

Job I To make a dovetail joint.

Job II To make a mitred joint.

Job III To make a lengthening joint by using different joints.

3.3 Demonstration of machines like Band Saw and Circular Saw, Chain and Chisel, Universal wood working machine, Saw re-sharpening machine, Saw Brazing unit.

3.4 Introduction and function of various parts of Wood Working Lathe

a) Study of wood working lathe tool.

b) Sharpening of lathe tools.

c) Setting of jobs and tools.

Job IV To make a job using different type of wood turning operations including form turning and grooving.

OR Repair of any utility item.

Job V To make a medium size wooden dust bin/ wooden tray.

4. SMITHY SHOP

4.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.

4.2 Introduction and industrial applications of smithy jobs.

4.2.1 Purpose of Smithy shop.

4.2.2 Different types of Hearths used in Smithy shop, Types of fuel used and maximum temperature obtained.

4.2.3 Purpose, specifications, uses, care and maintenance of various tools and equipment used in hand forging by segregating as cutting tools, supporting tools, holding tools, measuring tools, punches etc.

4.2.4 Types of raw materials used in Smithy shop.

4.2.5 Uses of Fire Bricks and Clays in Forging workshop.

4.3 Practice

4.3.1 Practice of firing of hearth/Furnace, Cleaning of Clinkers and Temperature Control of Fire.

4.3.2 Practice on different basic Smithy/Forging operations such as Cutting, Upsetting, Drawing down, Setting down, Necking, Bending, Fullering, Swaging, Punching and Drifting.

Demonstration of making cube, hexagonal cube, hexagonal bar from round bar

4.3.3 Practice of Simple Heat treatment processes like Tempering, Normalizing, and Hardening.

4.4 Introduction to various heat treatment processes e.g annealing, hardening, tempering, normalizing.

4.5 Description of various types of power hammers and their usage (Demonstration only).

4.6 Jobs to be prepared

Job I To forge a square/hexagonal shape on both ends from a MS round by cold forging

Job II To make a utility item like fan hook, ring, U type door handle

Job III To make a ring of MS round by forge welding

Job IV To make a hexagonal chisel by hot forging process with hardening and tempering

Job V To perform bending process by hot forging.

5. ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS SHOP - II

5.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, Best practices in the concerned shop.

5.2 Introduction to single phase and three phase supply and wiring system. Importance of three phase supply (RYB) and its sequence and wiring system. Estimating and costing of power consumption.

Job I Connecting single phase energy meter with supply and load. Reading and working out power consumption and cost of energy.

5.3 Study of internal wiring diagram of common electrical appliances such as auto electric iron, electric kettle, ceiling/table fan, desert cooler etc. Demonstration of dismantling, servicing and reassembling of table/ceiling fan, air-cooler, auto electric iron, heater etc.

Job II Connection of single phase/three phase motor by using starter. Reversing direction of rotation of single phase and three phase motors.

Job III Cut, bend, tin components, leads, inserts. Solder components for example resistor, capacitor, diode, transistor and other components on a PCB.

5.4 Demonstrate the joining for connecting methods mounting and dismounting method as well as using of the various plugs, sockets, conductors, suitable for general purpose, audio video used conductors, banana plugs, socket and similar male and female conductor and terminal strips

5.5 Various types of switches such as normal, miniature toggle, slide, push button.

Job IV Wiring of a small circuit on a PCB/ TAG strip involving laying, sleeving and use of identifier tags.

Job V Cut, strip, join and insulate two lengths of wires/cables.

Desoldering practice with desoldering pump and desoldering wick.

6. TURNING SHOP

- 6.1 Safety Precautions of concerned shop and use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstration of tools, equipment, sample jobs, best practices in the concerned shop.
- 6.2 Jobs to be Prepared
- Job I Centering practice in 4 jaw chuck, setting of cutting tool point at appropriate height and perform facing and plain turning operations on MS rod.
 - Job II To sharpen various angles of turning tool.
 - Job III To perform step turning on MS rod.
 - Job IV To perform taper turning and under cutting operation.
 - Job V To perform step turning and knurling operation on MS rod.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. SK Hajra Choudhary and AK Choudhary, “Workshop Technology I,II,III”, Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, Fifteenth Edition, 2016.
2. RK Jain, “Workshop Technology Vol I & II”, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, First Edition, 2021.
3. Manchanda, “Workshop Technology Vol. I, II, III”, India Publishing House, Jalandhar.
4. S.S. Ubhi, “Workshop Training Manual Vol. I, II”, Katson Publishers, Ludhiana.
5. K Venkata Reddy, “Manual on Workshop Practice”, MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi, Sixth Edition, 2020.
6. “General Workshop Manual (Diploma Jobs)”, Khanna Publishers, First Edition, 2021.
7. T Jeyapoovan, “Basic Workshop Practice Manual”, Vikas Publishing House (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
8. B. S. Raghuvanshi, “Workshop Technology, Vol. I”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, Delhi, Eleventh Edition, 2017.
9. Kannaiah K L, Narayana, “Workshop Manual”, Scitech Publications, Chennai, Second Edition 1998.
10. H S Bawa, “Workshop Practice”, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, First Edition, 2004

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is hands-on practice based workshop for development of required skills in the students.

EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION & EVALUATION TOOLS

28. ASSESMENT TOOLS & CRITERION

The assessment is carried out by conducting:

1. Formative assessments
2. Summative assessments

1. FORMATIVE ASSESSEMENT

The **formative assessment** will be evaluated on the basis of the internal assessments for theory subjects and practical by the concerned teachers for evaluating the knowledge and skill acquired by students and the behavioral transformation of the students. This **internal assessment** is primarily carried out by collecting evidence of competence gained by the students by evaluating them at work based on assessment criteria, asking questions and initiating formative discussions to assess understanding and by evaluating records and reports, and sessional marks are awarded to them.

2. SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

The **summative assessment** will include end semester examination for theory part for each candidate and practical examination with viva voce. Each Performance Criteria will be assigned marks proportional to its importance and proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each subject should be laid down.

The following assessment tools are used for effective student evaluation:

1. Theory Examinations
2. Practical Work
3. Internships
4. Professional Industrial Training
5. Project Work (Minor & Major)
6. Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs)
7. Viva Voce
8. Case Studies

1. Theory

Evaluation in theory aims at assessing students' understanding of concepts, principles and procedures related to a course/subject, and their ability to apply learnt principles and solve problems.

The **formative evaluation** for theory subjects may be caused through

- i. Sessional /class-tests,
- ii. Quizzes,
- iii. Assignments,
- iv. Seminars/ Presentations
- v. Attendance
- vi. Case Studies

For **Summative evaluation** of theory, the question paper may comprise of three sections.

- i. It should contain objective type question and multiple choice questions. The objective type items should be used to evaluate students' performance in knowledge, comprehension and at the most application domains only.
- ii. It should contain short answer questions.
- iii. Descriptive type questions , with some internal choice of the questions set may be given in this section

2. Practical Assessment

Evaluation of students performance in practical work (Laboratory experiments, Workshop practical /field exercises) aims at assessing students ability to apply or practice the concepts, principles and procedures, manipulative skills, ability to observe and record, ability to interpret and draw conclusions and work related attitudes. This will comprise of a creation of mock environment, wherever applicable in the skill lab which is equipped with all required equipment for development of desired skills. Candidate's soft skills, communication, aptitude, safety consciousness, quality consciousness etc. will be ascertained by observation and will be marked in observation checklist along with the assessment of Job carried out in labs and maintenance of Lab Record files.

Formative and summative evaluation may comprise of weightages to performance on task, quality of product, general behavior and it should be followed by viva-voce of the relevant subject. The end product will be measured against the specified dimensions and standards to gauge the level of his skill achievements

3. Internship

The two mandatory internships after I Year and II Year of the programme are to be assessed in 3rd and 5th semester subsequently. The internships should be preferably done in the field/ in the industry, can be in house depending upon the stream and availability of resources in and around the institute.

Every faculty should be assigned the students and made responsible for the evaluation and assessment of the internship. Formative assessment should be taken from the industry/institute/ department on the basis of performance, behavior and learning capabilities. Summative evaluation may comprise of weightages on the basis of report submission/ presentation followed by viva-voce of the relevant subject.

4. Professional Industrial Training

Evaluation of professional industrial training report and viva-voce/ presentation aims at assessing students' understanding of industrial processes, practices in the industry/field and their ability to engage in activities related to problem-solving in industrial setting as well as understanding of application of learnt knowledge and skills in real life situation. Formative and summative evaluation may comprise of weightages to performance on task, quality of product, general behavior and it should be followed by viva-voce of the relevant subject.

The formative assessment should include the evaluation from the employer where the student is doing his training or Project work in the ratio of 40:60. The final assessment will be the combination of the employer assessment and evaluation by the faculty of the institute which shall include report submission/ presentation/ seminar followed by viva-voce of the relevant subject.

5. Project Work Assessment

The purpose of evaluation of project work is to assess student's ability to apply, in an integrated manner, knowledge and skills in solving real life problems, manipulative skills, ability to observe, record, creativity and communication skills. The project work assigned should be of

relevance to the core skill, state of the art topics and the project areas that are pertaining to enhance job skill and enhance occupational opportunities. For both, minor and major project, Formative and summative evaluation may comprise of weightages to performance on task, quality of product, nature and relevance of project and general behavior.

The formative assessment should include the continuous assessment based on the work allocated and mid semester viva voice or presentation. The final assessment will be the combination of the project undertaken, report submission and should be followed by viva-voce of the relevant subject.

In case of the assessment of this component, the team of examiners should be constituted on 50 – 50 % basis. i.e. half of the examiners in the team should be invited from outside the institute conducting examination.

6. MOOC COURSES (Open Elective and Multi-Disciplinary Elective)

Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) platforms promise open, online courses to massive numbers of students as they are free to join, they provide a wide range of courses, they allow for space and time flexibility and their participants can benefit from various online communication tools and access to quality content.

The coordinating Department/Centre/Office shall monitor every student to adopt the courses online of their choice and preference on Swayam portal. The duration of courses will vary depending on the level and credit points. Courses offered in the duration of 4-10 weeks for 2 to 3 credits at diploma level are to be opted. Students, after they have registered, can get a certificate after attending the classes and submitting the assignments/quizzes and qualifying nationwide exam conducted written exam at the institute close to the one where the student is enrolled.

On successful completion of each course, the institution offering the MOOCs course would issue the certificate, along with the number of credits and grades, through which the student can get credits transferred into his marks certificate issued by his parent institution. Guidelines for credit sharing will be issued by concerned Regulators such as UGC, AICTE, etc. for consideration by various Institutes. There may be standard norms for the host Institution to conduct the course that may include continuous evaluation through assignments, online quizzes, case studies, online writing exercises, term examinations, student feedback, online forum management, etc.

The coordinating Department/Centre/Office of the respective department shall monitor every student and submit to the Office of Examinations, a score sheet (marks card) during the last 10 days prior to the close of the even semester.

7. Viva Voce

This tool will be used to assess the conceptual understanding and the behavioral aspects as regards the job role and the specific task at hand. It will also include questions on safety, quality, environment and equipment's etc. Ask questions on non-prescribed tasks to ensure that the learners have complete knowledge on the assessment

Computation of SGPA and CGPA

The UGC recommends the following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

- i. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the marks scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e

$$\text{SGPA (Si)} = \sum(C_i \times G_i) / \sum C_i$$

where C_i is the number of credits of the i th course and G_i is the marks scored by the student in the i th course.

- ii. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a programme, i.e.

$$\text{CGPA} = \sum(C_i \times S_i) / \sum C_i$$

where S_i is the SGPA of the i th semester and C_i is the total number of credits in that semester.

- iii. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

29. TEACHING LEARNING TOOLS FOR EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION

For effective implementation of curriculum, the faculty and staff of institutions have to play a vital role in planning instructional experiences for the courses in four different environments viz. class-room, laboratory, library and field and execute them in right perspective. It is emphasized that only a proper mix of different teaching methods in all these places of instruction can bring the changes in students behavior as stipulated in the curriculum document. It is important to understand curriculum document holistically and further be aware of intricacies of Teaching-Learning Tools for achieving curriculum objectives. Given below are certain recommendations which may help in carrying out teaching-learning effectively:

PROGRAMME LEVEL RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Curriculum implementation takes place at programme, course and class-room level respectively and synchronization among them is required for its success. The first step towards achieving synchronization is to read curriculum document holistically and understand its rationale and philosophy.
2. An academic plan needs to be prepared at institute level. The Head of the institute have a great role to play in its dissemination and percolation up to grass-root level.
3. Head of Department are required to prepare academic plan at department level referring to institutional academic plan.

COURSE LEVEL RECOMMENDATIONS

Teachers are educational managers at class room level and their success in achieving course level objectives lies in using course plan and their judicious execution which is very important for the success of programme by achieving its objectives. Teachers are required to plan various instructional experiences viz. theory lecture, expert lectures, lab/workshop practicals, guided library exercises, field visits, study tours, camps etc. In addition, they have to carry out progressive assessment of theory, assignments, library, practicals and field experiences. Teachers are also required to do all these activities within a stipulated period which is made available to them in the academic plan at Board level. With the amount of time to their credit, it is essential for them to use it judiciously by planning all above activities properly and ensure execution of

the plan effectively. Following is the gist of suggestions for subject teachers for effective utilization of Teaching Learning Tools to achieve the course objectives:

1. Teachers need to ensure attainment of course outcomes so as to help the students achieve program outcomes and also meet the desired learning outcomes in five domains of NSQF i.e. Process, Professional knowledge, Professional skills, Core skills and Responsibility.
2. Teachers are required to prepare a course plan, taking into account number of weeks available and courses to be taught.
3. Teachers are required to prepare lesson plan for every theory class. This plan may comprise of contents to be covered, learning material for execution of a lesson plan.
4. Teachers are required to plan for expert lectures from field/industry. For this, necessary steps need to be taken such as planning in advance, identifying field experts, making correspondence to invite them, taking necessary budgetary approval etc.
5. Teachers are required to plan for guided library exercises by identification of course specific experience requirement, setting time, assessment, etc. The assignments and seminars can be thought of as terminal outcome of library experiences.
6. Concept based industrial/field visits may be planned and executed for such contents of course which are abstract in nature and no other requisite resources are readily available in institute to impart them effectively.
7. Lot of focus needs to be laid on skill development. There is need for planning practical experiences in right perspective. These slots in a course are the avenues to use problem based learning and experiential learning effectively. The development and use of lab manuals will enable the institutes to provide lab experiences effectively.
8. Emphasis should to lay on developing soft skills like communication skills, personality Development, self-learning, inter personal skills, problem solving, and creativity etc.
9. Where ever possible, it is essential to use activity based learning rather than relying on delivery based conventional teaching all the time. While teaching, the teacher should make

extensive use of audio visual aids such as video films, power point presentations and IT tools.

10. Teachers may take initiative in establishing liaison with industries and field organizations for imparting field experiences to their students.
11. Students be made aware about issues related to ecology and environment, safety, concern f for wastage of energy and other resources etc.
12. To enhance digital learning, open electives and multi-disciplinary electives have been provided in the curriculum to be taken up in the form of MOOCs. For Open electives, some courses may be identified out of the prescribed list given in the curriculum keeping in mind the interest of students. Similarly, for multi-disciplinary electives, courses to be o offered may be identified by considering their relevance and utility. Every year SWAYAM is notifying the list of courses which are going to be offered in forthcoming even and odd semester. The institute needs to select the courses that are offered on SWAYAM platform or any other online platform.
13. For effective implementation of Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs), a faculty member in the department may be identified and given the responsibility to coordinate various activities related to MOOCs. The concerned faculty member will facilitate in registration of students for MOOCs. The faculty member will also be responsible for compiling the result of students on the completion of MOOCs and pass on the information to the concerned authority.
14. Flexibility has been provided in the curriculum for the students to choose a course related to the discipline as per their interest. For effective implementation of discipline-specific electives, the institute should identify some courses from the list of courses prescribed in the curriculum. The courses should be selected and offered keeping in mind the interest of students, infrastructure and expertise available in and around the institute related to the courses. Option for discipline-specific elective may be taken from students through a form and a course, with more than 10 students opting for it, may be run.
15. Where ever possible, it is essential to use activity based learning rather than relying on delivery based conventional teaching all the time. While teaching, the teacher should make extensive use of audio visual aids such as video films, power point presentations and IT tools.

16. Teachers may take initiative in establishing liaison with industries and field organizations for imparting field experiences to their students.
17. Students be made aware about issues related to ecology and environment, safety, concern for wastage of energy and other resources etc.
18. To enhance digital learning, open electives and multi-disciplinary electives have been provided in the curriculum to be taken up in the form of MOOCs. For Open electives, some courses may be identified out of the prescribed list given in the curriculum keeping in mind the interest of students. Similarly, for multi-disciplinary electives, courses to be offered may be identified by considering their relevance and utility. Every year SWAYAM is notifying the list of courses which are going to be offered in forthcoming even and odd semester. The institute needs to select the courses that are offered on SWAYAM platform or any other online platform.

30. LIST OF EXPERTS & REVIEWERS

1. Sh. Sudhansu, Hero Moto Corp., Haryana.
2. Sh. Veer Daman Singh, Regional Manager, Lincoln Electric India Company Pvt Ltd.
3. Sh. Vinod Kumar Pandey, Manager Engineering, Labotron Instruments Pvt. Ltd., Ambala, Haryana.
4. Sh. NS Jassal, Principal, Indo Swiss Training Centre, Chandigarh.
5. Sh. Hitesh Kumar, Deputy Secretary (T&P), Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula.
6. Dr. Nidhi Aggarwal, Deputy Secretary (Acd), Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula.
7. Sh. Aneesh Kumar Gupta, Asst. Secretary, Haryana State Board of Technical Education, Panchkula.
8. Sh. Jagjit Singh Narang, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
9. Sh. Subhash Chandra Bhorla, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Hisar, Haryana.
10. Sh. Harvinder Singh Saini, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Senior Lecturer, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
11. Subhash Bhardwaj, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
12. Sh. Pardeep Kumar, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Nilokheri, Haryana.
13. Sh. Vikas Sharma, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Nilokheri, Haryana.
14. Sh. Rajiv Verma, Senior Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Adampur, Haryana.
15. Sh. Parveen Saini, Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Nilokheri, Haryana.
16. Sh. Baljeet Siwach, Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Sonapat, Haryana.

17. Sh. Kapil Sharma, Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Seth Jai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
18. Sh. Baltar Singh, Workshop Superintendent, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
19. Sh. Dinesh Mor, Workshop Superintendent, Workshop Department, Government Polytechnic, Sonipat, Haryana.
20. Sh. Manmohan Singh, Workshop Superintendent, Mechanical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
21. Sh. Balwan Singh, Workshop In-charge, Mechanical Engineering Department, Aryabhatt Institute of Technology, Delhi.
22. Sh. Gulab Singh, Workshop Instructor, Mechanical Engineering Department, SethJai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
23. Sh. Ashwani Kumar, Workshop Instructor, Electrical Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
24. Sh. Rajneesh Rana, Workshop Instructor, Electronics Engineering Department, Government Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
25. Sh. Ankush Aggarwal, Lecturer, Mechanical Engineering Department, Seth Jai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
26. Ms. Amita, Deputy Director (Acd), Directorate of Technical Education.
27. Dr. Bhajan Lal, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic for Women, Sirsa, Haryana.
28. Sh. Anil Nain, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Hisar, Haryana.
29. Dr. Sarita Mann, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
30. Smt. Bindu Verma, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Seth Jai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
31. Dr. Pankaj Sharma, Professor, Applied Science Department, NITTTR, Chandigarh.
32. Dr. Ashok Kumar, Associate Professor, Applied Science Department, NITTTR, Chandigarh.
33. Smt. Pushpa Rani, Senior Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Sonipat, Haryana.

34. Smt. Krishna Bhoria, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
35. Smt. Preetpal Kaur, Guest Faculty, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
36. Ms. Monika, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Seth Jai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
37. Dr. Neena Sharma, English Department, MCM College, Chandigarh.
38. Sh. PK Singla, Associate Professor, Education & Educational Management Department, NITTTR, Chandigarh.
39. Sh. Satyawar Dhaka, Senior Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Nilokheri.
40. Mrs. Sapna Sang, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Seth Jai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
41. Sh. Ravi Bansal, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Manesar, Haryana.
42. Mrs. Kiran, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Sonapat, Haryana.
43. Dr. Naveen Jha, Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics, Government Engineering College, Bharatpur.
44. Dr. KC Lachhwani, Assistant Professor, Applied Science, NITTTR, Chandigarh
45. Sh. KG Srinivasa, Professor, Information Management & Emerging Engineering, NITTTR, Chandigarh.
46. Dr. Vidhi Grover, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Seth Jai Parkash Polytechnic, Damla, Haryana.
47. Sh. Tavinder Singh, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Sirsa, Haryana.
48. Ms. Sunita Rani, Lecturer, Applied Science Department, Government Polytechnic, Ambala, Haryana.
49. Dr. Rajesh Mehra, Professor and Head, Curriculum Development Centre, NITTTR, Chandigarh.
50. Dr. AB Gupta, Professor, Curriculum Development Centre, NITTTR, Chandigarh.

51. Dr. SK Gupta, Associate Professor, Curriculum Development Centre, NITTTR, Chandigarh.
52. Dr. Meenakshi Sood, Associate Professor, Curriculum Development Centre, NITTTR, Chandigarh.

Dr. AB Gupta
Programme Coordinator

